GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

GD32F415RIO6
Arm® Cortex®-M4 32-bit MCU

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Datasheet

Revision 0.0

(Aug. 2023)

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1. General description

The GD32F415RIO6 device belongs to the connectivity line of GD32 MCU family. It is a new 32-bit general-purpose microcontroller based on the Arm® Cortex®-M4 RISC core with best cost-performance ratio in terms of enhanced processing capacity, reduced power consumption and peripheral set. The Cortex®-M4 core features a Floating Point Unit (FPU) that accelerates single precision floating point math operations and supports all Arm® single precision instructions and data types. It implements a full set of DSP instructions to address digital signal control markets that demand an efficient, easy-to-use blend of control and signal processing capabilities. It also provides a Memory Protection Unit (MPU) and powerful trace technology for enhanced application security and advanced debug support.

The GD32F415RIO6 device incorporates the Arm® Cortex®-M4 32-bit processor core operating at 240 MHz frequency with Flash accesses zero wait states to obtain maximum efficiency. It provides up to 2048 KB on-chip Flash memory and 768 KB SRAM memory. An extensive range of enhanced I/Os and peripherals connected to two APB buses. The devices offer up to three 12-bit 2.6 MSPS ADCs, two 12-bit DACs, up to eight general 16-bit timers, two 16-bit PWM advanced-control timers, two 32-bit general timers, and two 16-bit basic timers, as well as standard and advanced communication interfaces: up to three SPIs, three I2Cs, four USARTs and two UARTs, two I2Ss, two CANs, a SDIO, USBFS and USBHS. Additional periphrals as Digital camera interface(DCI) is included.

The device operates from a 2.6 to 3.6V power supply and available in –40 to +85 °C temperature range. Three power saving modes provide the flexibility for maximum optimization of power consumption, an especially important consideration in low power applications.

The above features make GD32F415RIO6 devices suitable for a wide range of interconnection and advanced applications, especially in areas such as industrial control, consumer and handheld equipment, embedded modules, human machine interface, graphic display, automotive navigation, drone, IoT and so on.

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2. Device overview

2.1. Device information

Table 2-1. GD32F415RIO6 devices features and peripheral list

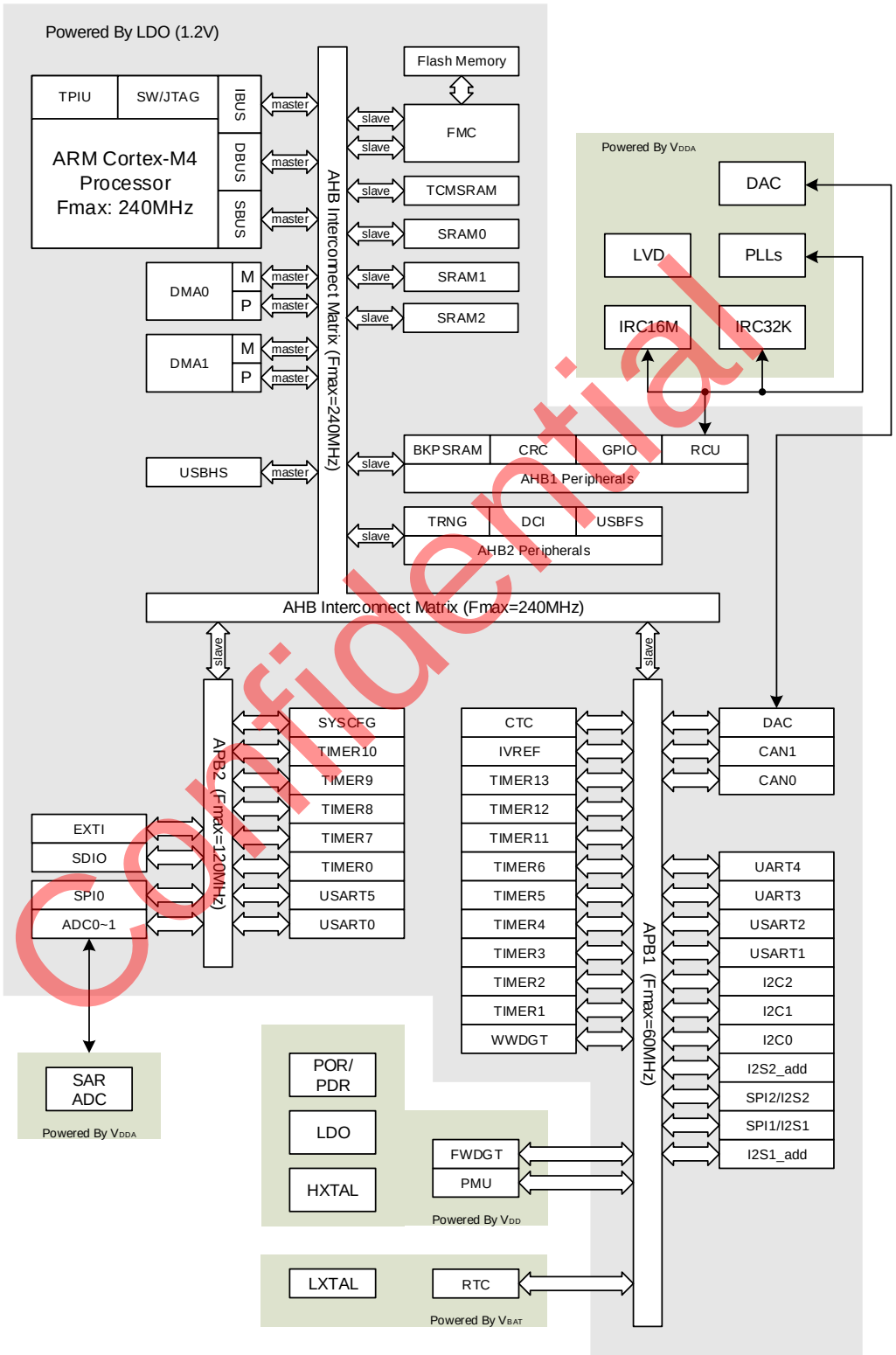
Part Number		GD32F415RIO6
Flash	Code area (KB)	512
	Data area (KB)	1536
	Total (KB)	2048
SRAM (KB)		768
Timers	General timer(16-bit)	8 (2-3,8-13)
	General timer (32-bit)	2 (1,4)
	Advanced timer(16-bit)	2 (0,7)
	Basic timer(16-bit)	2 (5,6)
	SysTick	1
	Watchdog	2
	RTC	1
Connectivity	USART	4
	UART	2
	I2C	3
	SPI/I2S	3/2 (0-2)/(1-2)
	CAN	2
	USB	FS+HS
GPIO		51
SDIO		1
DCI		1
ADC(CHs)		3(16)
DAC		2
Package		QFN64

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2.2. Block diagram

Figure 2-1. GD32F415RIO6 block diagram

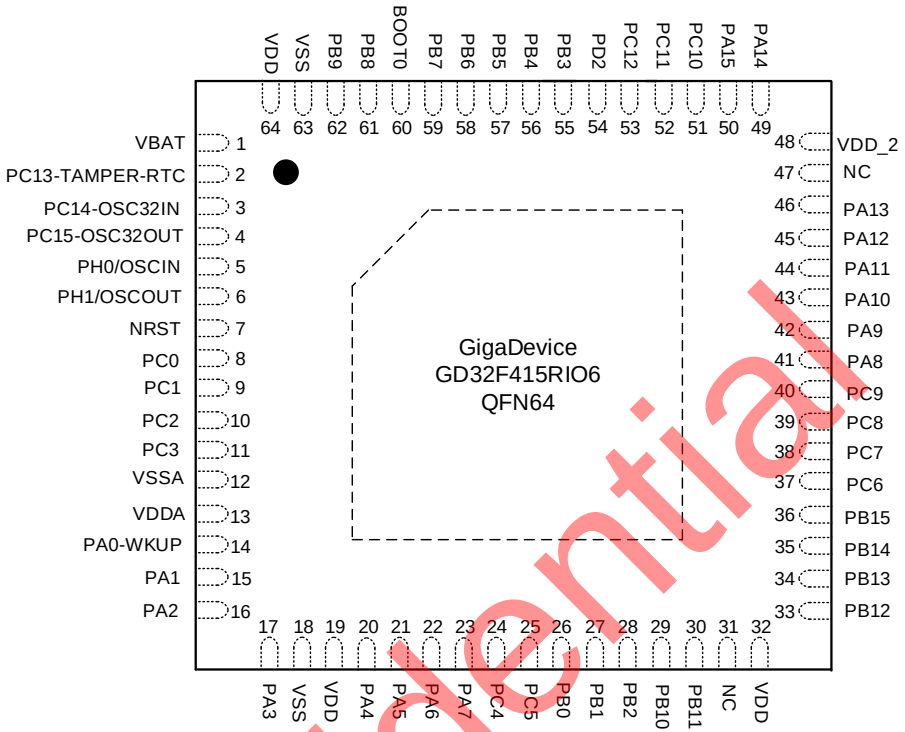


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2.3. Pinouts and pin assignment

Figure 2-2. GD32F415RIO6 QFN64 pinouts



2.4. Memory map

Table 2-2. GD32F415RIO6 memory map

Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
External Device	AHB	0xC000 0000 - 0xDFFF FFFF	Reserved
		0xA000 1000 - 0xBFFF FFFF	Reserved
		0xA000 0000 - 0xA000 0FFF	Reserved
External RAM		0x9000 0000 - 0x9FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x7000 0000 - 0x8FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x6000 0000 - 0x6FFF FFFF	Reserved
Peripheral	AHB2	0x5006 0C00 - 0x5FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x5006 0800 - 0x5006 0BFF	TRNG
		0x5005 0400 - 0x5006 07FF	Reserved
		0x5005 0000 - 0x5005 03FF	DCI
		0x5004 0000 - 0x5004 FFFF	Reserved
		0x5000 0000 - 0x5003 FFFF	USBFS
	AHB1	0x4008 0000 - 0x4FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x4004 0000 - 0x4007 FFFF	USBHS

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Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
		0x4002 BC00 - 0x4003 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4002 B000 - 0x4002 BBFF	Reserved
		0x4002 A000 - 0x4002 AFFF	Reserved
		0x4002 8000 - 0x4002 9FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 6800 - 0x4002 7FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 6400 - 0x4002 67FF	DMA1
		0x4002 6000 - 0x4002 63FF	DMA0
		0x4002 5000 - 0x4002 5FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 4000 - 0x4002 4FFF	BKP SRAM
		0x4002 3C00 - 0x4002 3FFF	FMC
		0x4002 3800 - 0x4002 3BFF	RCU
		0x4002 3400 - 0x4002 37FF	Reserved
		0x4002 3000 - 0x4002 33FF	CRC
		0x4002 2400 - 0x4002 2FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 2000 - 0x4002 23FF	GPIOI
		0x4002 1C00 - 0x4002 1FFF	GPIOH
		0x4002 1800 - 0x4002 1BFF	GPIOG
		0x4002 1400 - 0x4002 17FF	GPIOF
		0x4002 1000 - 0x4002 13FF	GPIOE
		0x4002 0C00 - 0x4002 0FFF	GPIOD
		0x4002 0800 - 0x4002 0BFF	GPIOC
		0x4002 0400 - 0x4002 07FF	GPIOB
		0x4002 0000 - 0x4002 03FF	GPIOA
	APB2	0x4001 6C00 - 0x4001 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4001 6800 - 0x4001 6BFF	Reserved
		0x4001 5800 - 0x4001 67FF	Reserved
		0x4001 5400 - 0x4001 57FF	Reserved
		0x4001 5000 - 0x4001 53FF	Reserved
		0x4001 4C00 - 0x4001 4FFF	Reserved
		0x4001 4800 - 0x4001 4BFF	TIMER10
		0x4001 4400 - 0x4001 47FF	TIMER9
		0x4001 4000 - 0x4001 43FF	TIMER8
		0x4001 3C00 - 0x4001 3FFF	EXTI
		0x4001 3800 - 0x4001 3BFF	SYSCFG
		0x4001 3400 - 0x4001 37FF	Reserved
		0x4001 3000 - 0x4001 33FF	SPI0
		0x4001 2C00 - 0x4001 2FFF	SDIO
		0x4001 2400 - 0x4001 2BFF	Reserved
		0x4001 2300 - 0x4001 23FF	ADC0(1)
		0x4001 2200 - 0x4001 22FF	ADC2
		0x4001 2100 - 0x4001 21FF	ADC1

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Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
		0x4001 2000 - 0x4001 20FF	ADC0
		0x4001 1800 - 0x4001 1FFF	Reserved
		0x4001 1400 - 0x4001 17FF	USART5
		0x4001 1000 - 0x4001 13FF	USART0
		0x4001 0800 - 0x4001 0FFF	Reserved
		0x4001 0400 - 0x4001 07FF	TIMER7
		0x4001 0000 - 0x4001 03FF	TIMER0
	APB1	0x4000 C800 - 0x4000 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4000 C400 - 0x4000 C7FF	IREF
		0x4000 8000 - 0x4000 C3FF	Reserved
		0x4000 7C00 - 0x4000 7FFF	Reserved
		0x4000 7800 - 0x4000 7BFF	Reserved
		0x4000 7400 - 0x4000 77FF	DAC
		0x4000 7000 - 0x4000 73FF	PMU
		0x4000 6C00 - 0x4000 6FFF	CTC
		0x4000 6800 - 0x4000 6BFF	CAN1
		0x4000 6400 - 0x4000 67FF	CAN0
		0x4000 6000 - 0x4000 63FF	Reserved
		0x4000 5C00 - 0x4000 5FFF	I2C2
		0x4000 5800 - 0x4000 5BFF	I2C1
		0x4000 5400 - 0x4000 57FF	I2C0
		0x4000 5000 - 0x4000 53FF	UART4
		0x4000 4C00 - 0x4000 4FFF	UART3
		0x4000 4800 - 0x4000 4BFF	USART2
		0x4000 4400 - 0x4000 47FF	USART1
		0x4000 4000 - 0x4000 43FF	I2S2_add
		0x4000 3C00 - 0x4000 3FFF	SPI2/I2S2
		0x4000 3800 - 0x4000 3BFF	SPI1/I2S1
		0x4000 3400 - 0x4000 37FF	I2S1_add
		0x4000 3000 - 0x4000 33FF	FWDGT
		0x4000 2C00 - 0x4000 2FFF	WWDGT
		0x4000 2800 - 0x4000 2BFF	RTC
		0x4000 2400 - 0x4000 27FF	Reserved
		0x4000 2000 - 0x4000 23FF	TIMER13
		0x4000 1C00 - 0x4000 1FFF	TIMER12
		0x4000 1800 - 0x4000 1BFF	TIMER11
		0x4000 1400 - 0x4000 17FF	TIMER6
		0x4000 1000 - 0x4000 13FF	TIMER5
		0x4000 0C00 - 0x4000 0FFF	TIMER4
		0x4000 0800 - 0x4000 0BFF	TIMER3
		0x4000 0400 - 0x4000 07FF	TIMER2

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Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
		0x4000 0000 - 0x4000 03FF	TIMER1
SRAM	AHB	0x2007 0000 - 0x3FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x2003 0000 - 0x200A FFFF	SRAM3(512KB)
		0x2002 0000 - 0x2002 FFFF	SRAM2(64KB)
		0x2001 C000 - 0x2001 FFFF	SRAM1(16KB)
		0x2000 0000 - 0x2001 BFFF	SRAM0(112KB)
Code	AHB	0x1FFF C010 - 0x1FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x1FFF C000 - 0x1FFF C00F	Option bytes(Bank 0)
		0x1FFF 7A10 - 0x1FFF BFFF	Reserved
		0x1FFF 7800 - 0x1FFF 7A0F	OTP(512B)
		0x1FFF 0000 - 0x1FFF 77FF	Boot loader(30KB)
		0x1FFE C010 - 0x1FFE FFFF	Reserved
		0x1FFE C000 - 0x1FFE C00F	Option bytes(Bank 1)
		0x1001 0000 - 0x1FFE BFFF	Reserved
		0x1000 0000 - 0x1000 FFFF	TCMSRAM(64KB)
		0x0820 0000 - 0x0FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x0800 0000 - 0x081F FFFF	Main Flash(2048KB)
		0x0000 0000 - 0x07FF FFFF	Aliased to the boot device

Note:

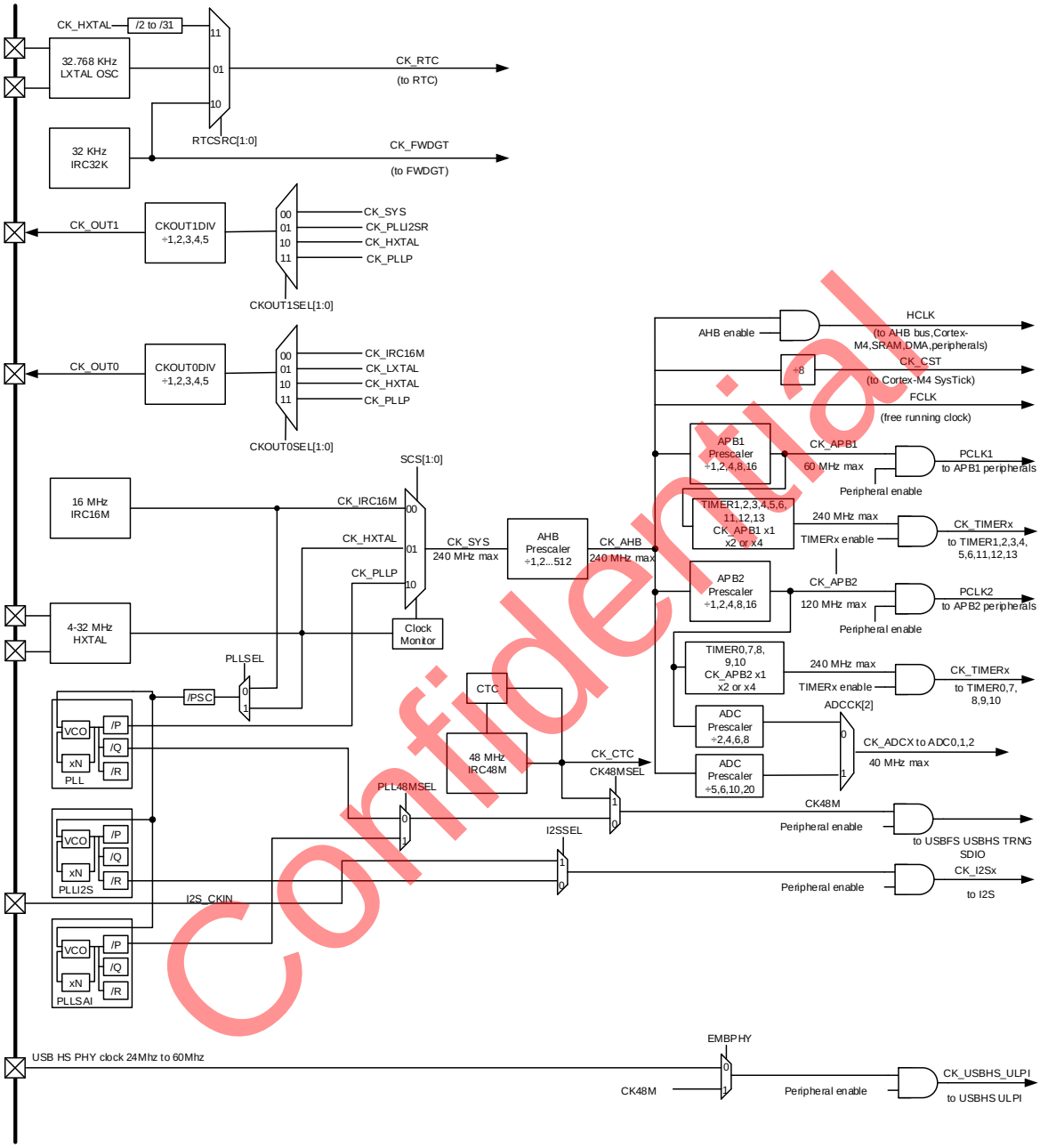
(1) ADC_SSTAT, ADC_SYNCCTL, ADC_SYNCDATA based on base address of ADC0.

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2.5. Clock tree

Figure 2-3. GD32F415RIO6 clock tree



Legend:

HXTAL: High speed crystal oscillator

LXTAL: Low speed crystal oscillator

IRC16M: Internal 16M RC oscillators

IRC32K: Internal 32K RC oscillator

IRC48M: Internal 48M RC oscillators

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2.6. Pin definitions

2.6.1. GD32F415RIO6 QFN64 pin definitions

Table 2-3. GD32F415RIO6 QFN64 pin definitions

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type(1)	I/O Level(2)	Functions description
VBAT	1	P	-	Default: VBAT
PC13-TAMPER-RTC	2	I/O	5VT	Default: PC13 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: RTC_TAMP0, RTC_OUT, RTC_TS
PC14-OSC32IN	3	I/O	5VT	Default: PC14 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: OSC32IN
PC15-OSC32OUT	4	I/O	5VT	Default: PC15 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: OSC32OUT
PH0/OSCIN	5	I/O	5VT	Default: PH0, OSCIN Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: OSCIN
PH1/OSCOUT	6	I/O	5VT	Default: PH1, OSCOUT Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: OSCOUT
NRST	7	-	-	Default: NRST
PC0	8	I/O	5VT	Default: PC0 Alternate: USBHS_ULPI_STP, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC012_IN10
PC1	9	I/O	5VT	Default: PC1 Alternate: SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD, SPI1_MOSI, I2S1_SD, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC012_IN11
PC2	10	I/O	5VT	Default: PC2 Alternate: SPI1_MISO, I2S1_ADD_SD, USBHS_ULPI_DIR, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC012_IN12
PC3	11	I/O	5VT	Default: PC3 Alternate: SPI1_MOSI, I2S1_SD, USBHS_ULPI_NXT, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC012_IN13
VSSA	12	P	-	Default: VSSA
VDDA	13	P	-	Default: VDDA
PA0-WKUP	14	I/O	5VT	Default: PA0 Alternate: TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, TIMER4_CH0,

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Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type(1)	I/O Level(2)	Functions description
				TIMER7_ETI, USART1_CTS, UART3_TX, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC012_IN0, WKUP
PA1	15	I/O	5VT	Default: PA1 Alternate: TIMER1_CH1, TIMER4_CH1, USART1_RTS, UART3_RX, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC012_IN1
PA2	16	I/O	5VT	Default: PA2 Alternate: TIMER1_CH2, TIMER4_CH2, TIMER8_CH0, I2S_CKIN, USART1_TX, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC012_IN2
PA3	17	I/O	5VT	Default: PA3 Alternate: TIMER1_CH3, TIMER4_CH3, TIMER8_CH1, I2S1_MCK, USART1_RX, USBHS_ULPI_D0, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC012_IN3
VSS	18	P	-	Default: VSS
VDD	19	P	-	Default: VDD
PA4	20	I/O		Default: PA4 Alternate: SPI0_NSS, SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS, USART1_CK, USBHS_SOF, DCI_HSYNC, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC01_IN4, DAC_OUT0
PA5	21	I/O		Default: PA5 Alternate: TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, TIMER7_CH0_ON, SPI0_SCK, USBHS_ULPI_CK, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC01_IN5, DAC_OUT1
PA6	22	I/O	5VT	Default: PA6 Alternate: TIMER0_BRKIN, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER7_BRKIN, SPI0_MISO, I2S1_MCK, TIMER12_CH0, SDIO_CMD, DCI_PIXCLK, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC01_IN6
PA7	23	I/O	5VT	Default: PA7 Alternate: TIMER0_CH0_ON, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER7_CH0_ON, SPI0_MOSI, TIMER13_CH0, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC01_IN7
PC4	24	I/O	5VT	Default: PC4 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: ADC01_IN14
PC5	25	I/O	5VT	Default: PC5 Alternate: USART2_RX, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC01_IN15
PB0	26	I/O	5VT	Default: PB0 Alternate: TIMER0_CH1_ON, TIMER2_CH2, TIMER7_CH1_ON, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD, USBHS_ULPI_D1, SDIO_D1,

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Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type(1)	I/O Level(2)	Functions description
				EVENTOUT Additional: ADC01_IN8, IREF
PB1	27	I/O	5VT	Default: PB1 Alternate: TIMER0_CH2_ON, TIMER2_CH3, TIMER7_CH2_ON, USBHS_ULPI_D2, SDIO_D2, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC01_IN9
PB2	28	I/O	5VT	Default: PB2, BOOT1 Alternate: TIMER1_CH3, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD, USBHS_ULPI_D4, SDIO_CK, EVENTOUT
PB10	29	I/O	5VT	Default: PB10 Alternate: TIMER1_CH2, I2C1_SCL, SPI1_SCK, I2S1_CK, I2S2_MCK, USART2_TX, USBHS_ULPI_D3, SDIO_D7, EVENTOUT
PB11	30	I/O	5VT	Default: PB11 Alternate: TIMER1_CH3, I2C1_SDA, I2S_CKIN, USART2_RX, USBHS_ULPI_D4, EVENTOUT
NC	31	-	-	-
VDD	32	P	-	Default: VDD
PB12	33	I/O	5VT	Default: PB12 Alternate: TIMER0_BRKIN, I2C1_SMBA, SPI1_NSS, I2S1_WS, USART2_CK, CAN1_RX, USBHS_ULPI_D5, USBHS_ID, EVENTOUT
PB13	34	I/O	5VT	Default: PB13 Alternate: TIMER0_CH0_ON, SPI1_SCK, I2S1_CK, USART2_CTS, CAN1_TX, USBHS_ULPI_D6, EVENTOUT, I2C1_TXFRAME Additional: USBHS_VBUS
PB14	35	I/O	5VT	Default: PB14 Alternate: TIMER0_CH1_ON, TIMER7_CH1_ON, SPI1_MISO, I2S1_ADD_SD, USART2_RTS, TIMER11_CH0, USBHS_DM, EVENTOUT
PB15	36	I/O	5VT	Default: PB15 Alternate: RTC_REFIN, TIMER0_CH2_ON, TIMER7_CH2_ON, SPI1_MOSI, I2S1_SD, TIMER11_CH1, USBHS_DP, EVENTOUT
PC6	37	I/O	5VT	Default: PC6 Alternate: TIMER2_CH0, TIMER7_CH0, I2S1_MCK, USART5_TX, SDIO_D6, DCI_D0, EVENTOUT
PC7	38	I/O	5VT	Default: PC7 Alternate: TIMER2_CH1, TIMER7_CH1, SPI1_SCK, I2S1_CK, I2S2_MCK, USART5_RX, SDIO_D7, DCI_D1, EVENTOUT
PC8	39	I/O	5VT	Default: PC8 Alternate: TIMER2_CH2, TIMER7_CH2, USART5_CK,

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Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type(1)	I/O Level(2)	Functions description
				SDIO_D0, DCI_D2, EVENTOUT
PC9	40	I/O	5VT	Default: PC9 Alternate: CK_OUT1, TIMER2_CH3, TIMER7_CH3, I2C2_SDA, I2S_CKIN, SDIO_D1, DCI_D3, EVENTOUT
PA8	41	I/O	5VT	Default: PA8 Alternate: CK_OUT0, TIMER0_CH0, I2C2_SCL, USART0_CK, USBFS_SOF, SDIO_D1, EVENTOUT, CTC_SYNC
PA9	42	I/O	5VT	Default: PA9 Alternate: TIMER0_CH1, I2C2_SMBA, SPI1_SCK, I2S1_CK, USART0_TX, SDIO_D2, DCI_D0, EVENTOUT Additional: USBFS_VBUS
PA10	43	I/O	5VT	Default: PA10 Alternate: TIMER0_CH2, USART0_RX, USBFS_ID, DCI_D1, EVENTOUT, I2C2_TXFRAME
PA11	44	I/O	5VT	Default: PA11 Alternate: TIMER0_CH3, USART0_CTS, USART5_TX, CAN0_RX, USBFS_DM, EVENTOUT
PA12	45	I/O	5VT	Default: PA12 Alternate: TIMER0_ETI, USART0_RTS, USART5_RX, CAN0_TX, USBFS_DP, EVENTOUT
PA13	46	I/O	5VT	Default: JTMS, SWDIO, PA13 Alternate: EVENTOUT
NC	47	-	-	-
VSS	-	P	-	Default: VSS
VDD	48	P	-	Default: VDD
PA14	49	I/O	5VT	Default: JTCK, SWCLK, PA14 Alternate: EVENTOUT
PA15	50	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDI, PA15 Alternate: TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, SPI0_NSS, SPI2_NSS, I2S2_WS, USART0_TX, EVENTOUT
PC10	51	I/O	5VT	Default: PC10 Alternate: SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK, USART2_TX, UART3_TX, SDIO_D2, DCI_D8, EVENTOUT
PC11	52	I/O	5VT	Default: PC11 Alternate: I2S2_ADD_SD, SPI2_MISO, USART2_RX, UART3_RX, SDIO_D3, DCI_D4, EVENTOUT
PC12	53	I/O	5VT	Default: PC12 Alternate: I2C1_SDA, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD, USART2_CK, UART4_TX, SDIO_CK, DCI_D9, EVENTOUT
PD2	54	I/O	5VT	Default: PD2 Alternate: TIMER2_ETI, UART4_RX, SDIO_CMD, DCI_D11, EVENTOUT

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Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type(1)	I/O Level(2)	Functions description
PB3	55	I/O	5VT	Default: JTDO, PB3 Alternate: TRACESWO, TIMER1_CH1, SPI0_SCK, SPI2_SCK, I2S2_CK, USART0_RX, I2C1_SDA, EVENTOUT
PB4	56	I/O	5VT	Default: NJTRST, PB4 Alternate: TIMER2_CH0, SPI0_MISO, SPI2_MISO, I2S2_ADD_SD, I2C2_SDA, SDIO_D0, EVENTOUT, I2C0_TXFRAME
PB5	57	I/O	5VT	Default: PB5 Alternate: TIMER2_CH1, I2C0_SMBA, SPI0_MOSI, SPI2_MOSI, I2S2_SD, CAN1_RX, USBHS_ULPI_D7, DCI_D10, EVENTOUT
PB6	58	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6 Alternate: TIMER3_CH0, I2C0_SCL, USART0_TX, CAN1_TX, DCI_D5, EVENTOUT
PB7	59	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7 Alternate: TIMER3_CH1, I2C0_SDA, USART0_RX, DCI_VSYNC, EVENTOUT
BOOT0	60	I/O	5VT	Default: BOOT0
PB8	61	I/O	5VT	Default: PB8 Alternate: TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, TIMER3_CH2, TIMER9_CH0, I2C0_SCL, CAN0_RX, SDIO_D4, DCI_D6, EVENTOUT
PB9	62	I/O	5VT	Default: PB9 Alternate: TIMER1_CH1, TIMER3_CH3, TIMER10_CH0, I2C0_SDA, SPI1_NSS, I2S1_WS, CAN0_TX, SDIO_D5, DCI_D7, EVENTOUT
VSS	63	P	-	Default: VSS
VDD	64	P	-	Default: VDD

Notes:

(1) Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.

(2) I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.

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2.6.2. GD32F415RIO6 pin alternate functions

Table 2-4. Port A alternate functions summary

Pin Name	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF14	AF15
PA0		TIMER1_CH0/TIMER1_ETI	TIMER4_CH0	TIMER7_ETI				USART1_CTS	UART3_TX							EVENTOUT
PA1		TIMER1_CH1	TIMER4_CH1					USART1_RTS	UART3_RX							EVENTOUT
PA2		TIMER1_CH2	TIMER4_CH2	TIMER8_CH0		I2S_CKIN		USART1_TX								EVENTOUT
PA3		TIMER1_CH3	TIMER4_CH3	TIMER8_CH1		I2S1_MCK		USART1_RX			USBHS_ULPI_D0					EVENTOUT
PA4						SPI0_NSS	SPI2_NSS/I2S2_WS	USART1_CK					USBHS_SOF	DCI_HSYNC		EVENTOUT
PA5		TIMER1_CH0/TIMER1_ETI		TIMER7_CH0_ON		SPI0_SCK					USBHS_ULPI_CK					EVENTOUT
PA6		TIMER0_BRKIN	TIMER2_CH0	TIMER7_BRKIN		SPI0_MISO	I2S1_MCK			TIMER12_CH0			SDIO_CMD	DCI_PIXCLK		EVENTOUT
PA7		TIMER0_CH0_ON	TIMER2_CH1	TIMER7_CH0_ON		SPI0_MOSI				TIMER13_CH0						EVENTOUT
PA8	CK_OUT0	TIMER0_CH0			I2C2_SCL			USART0_CK		CTC_SYNC	USBFS_SOF		SDIO_D1			EVENTOUT
PA9		TIMER0_CH1			I2C2_SMBA	SPI1_SCK/I2S1_CK		USART0_TX					SDIO_D2	DCI_D0		EVENTOUT
PA10		TIMER0_CH2			I2C2_TXFRAME			USART0_RX			USBFS_ID			DCI_D1		EVENTOUT
PA11		TIMER0_CH3						USART0_CTS	USART5_TX	CAN0_RX	USBFS_DM					EVENTOUT
PA12		TIMER0_ETI						USART0_RTS	USART5_RX	CAN0_TX	USBFS_DP					EVENTOUT
PA13	JTMS/SWDIO															EVENTOUT
PA14	JTCK/SWCLK															EVENTOUT
PA15	JTDI	TIMER1_CH0/TIMER1_ETI				SPI0_NSS	SPI2_NSS/I2S2_WS	USART0_TX								EVENTOUT

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Table 2-5. Port B alternate functions summary

Pin Name	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF14	AF15
PB0		TIMER0_CH1_ON	TIMER2_CH2	TIMER7_CH1_ON				SPI2_MOSI/I2S2_SD			USBHS_ULPI_D1		SDIO_D1			EVENTOUT
PB1		TIMER0_CH2_ON	TIMER2_CH3	TIMER7_CH2_ON							USBHS_ULPI_D2		SDIO_D2			EVENTOUT
PB2		TIMER1_CH3						SPI2_MOSI/I2S2_SD			USBHS_ULPI_D4		SDIO_CK			EVENTOUT
PB3	JTDO/TRACESWO	TIMER1_CH1				SPI0_SCK	SPI2_SCK/I2S2_CK	USART0_RX		I2C1_SDA						EVENTOUT
PB4	NJTRST		TIMER2_CH0		I2C0_TXFRAME	SPI0_MISO	SPI2_MISO	I2S2_ADD_SD		I2C2_SDA			SDIO_D0			EVENTOUT
PB5			TIMER2_CH1		I2C0_SMBA	SPI0_MOSI	SPI2_MOSI/I2S2_SD			CAN1_RX	USBHS_ULPI_D7			DCI_D10		EVENTOUT
PB6			TIMER3_CH0		I2C0_SCL			USART0_TX		CAN1_TX				DCI_D5		EVENTOUT
PB7			TIMER3_CH1		I2C0_SDA			USART0_RX						DCI_VSYNC		EVENTOUT
PB8		TIMER1_CH0/TIMER1_ETI	TIMER3_CH2	TIMER9_CH0	I2C0_SCL					CAN0_RX			SDIO_D4	DCI_D6		EVENTOUT
PB9		TIMER1_CH1	TIMER3_CH3	TIMER10_CH0	I2C0_SDA	SPI1_NSS/I2S1_WS				CAN0_TX			SDIO_D5	DCI_D7		EVENTOUT
PB10		TIMER1_CH2			I2C1_SCL	SPI1_SCK/I2S1_CK	I2S2_MCK	USART2_TX			USBHS_ULPI_D3		SDIO_D7			EVENTOUT
PB11		TIMER1_CH3			I2C1_SDA	I2S_CKIN		USART2_RX			USBHS_ULPI_D4					EVENTOUT
PB12		TIMER0_BRKIN			I2C1_SMBA	SPI1_NSS/I2S1_WS		USART2_CK		CAN1_RX	USBHS_ULPI_D5		USBHS_ID			EVENTOUT
PB13		TIMER0_CH0_ON			I2C1_TXFRAME	SPI1_SCK/I2S1_CK		USART2_CTS		CAN1_TX	USBHS_ULPI_D6					EVENTOUT
PB14		TIMER0_CH1_ON		TIMER7_CH1_ON		SPI1_MISO	I2S1_ADD_SD	USART2_RTS		TIMER11_CH0			USBHS_DM			EVENTOUT
PB15	RTC_REFIN	TIMER0_CH2_ON		TIMER7_CH2_ON		SPI1_MOSI/I2S1_SD				TIMER11_CH1			USBHS_DP			EVENTOUT

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Table 2-6. Port C alternate functions summary

Pin Name	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF14	AF15
PC0											USBHS_ULPI_STP					EVENTOUT
PC1						SPI2_MOSI/I2S2_SD		SPI1_MOSI/I2S1_SD								EVENTOUT
PC2						SPI1_MISO	I2S1_ADD_SD				USBHS_ULPI_DIR					EVENTOUT
PC3						SPI1_MOSI/I2S1_SD					USBHS_ULPI_NXT					EVENTOUT
PC4																EVENTOUT
PC5								USART2_RX								EVENTOUT
PC6			TIMER2_CH0	TIMER7_CH0		I2S1_MCK			USART5_TX				SDIO_D6	DCI_D0		EVENTOUT
PC7			TIMER2_CH1	TIMER7_CH1		SPI1_SCK/I2S1_CK	I2S2_MCK		USART5_RX				SDIO_D7	DCI_D1		EVENTOUT
PC8			TIMER2_CH2	TIMER7_CH2					USART5_CK				SDIO_D0	DCI_D2		EVENTOUT
PC9	CK_OUT1		TIMER2_CH3	TIMER7_CH3	I2C2_SDA	I2S_CKIN							SDIO_D1	DCI_D3		EVENTOUT
PC10							SPI2_SCK/I2S2_CK	USART2_TX	UART3_TX				SDIO_D2	DCI_D8		EVENTOUT
PC11						I2S2_ADDSD	SPI2_MISO	USART2_RX	UART3_RX				SDIO_D3	DCI_D4		EVENTOUT
PC12					I2C1_SDA		SPI2_MOSI/I2S2_SD	USART2_CK	UART4_TX				SDIO_CK	DCI_D9		EVENTOUT
PC13																EVENTOUT
PC14																EVENTOUT
PC15																EVENTOUT

Table 2-7. Port D alternate functions summary

Pin Name	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF14	AF15
PD2			TIMER2_ETI						UART4_RX				SDIO_CMD	DCI_D11		EVENTOUT

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Table 2-8. Port H alternate functions summary

Pin Name	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6	AF7	AF8	AF9	AF10	AF11	AF12	AF13	AF14	AF15
PH0																EVENTOUT
PH1																EVENTOUT

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3. Functional description

3.1. Arm® Cortex®-M4 core

The Arm® Cortex®-M4 processor is a high performance embedded processor with DSP instructions which allow efficient signal processing and complex algorithm execution. It brings an efficient, easy-to-use blend of control and signal processing capabilities to meet the digital signal control markets demand. The processor is highly configurable enabling a wide range of implementations from those requiring floating point operations, memory protection and powerful trace technology to cost sensitive devices requiring minimal area, while delivering outstanding computational performance and an advanced system response to interrupts.

32-bit Arm® Cortex®-M4 processor core

- Up to 240 MHz operation frequency
- Single-cycle multiplication and hardware divider
- Floating Point Unit (FPU)
- Integrated DSP instructions
- Integrated Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- 24-bit SysTick timer

The Cortex®-M4 processor is based on the Armv7-M architecture and supports both Thumb and Thumb-2 instruction sets. Some system peripherals listed below are also provided by Cortex®-M4:

- Internal Bus Matrix connected with ICode bus, DCode bus, system bus, Private Peripheral Bus (PPB) and debug accesses (AHB-AP)
- Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- Flash Patch and Breakpoint (FPB)
- Data Watchpoint and Trace (DWT)
- Instrument Trace Macrocell (ITM)
- Memory Protection Unit (MPU)
- Serial Wire JTAG Debug Port (SWJ-DP)
- Trace Port Interface Unit (TPIU)

3.2. On-chip memory

- Up to 2048 Kbytes of Flash memory, including code Flash and data Flash.
- The region of the MCU executing instructions without waiting time is up to 512K bytes. A long delay when CPU fetches the instructions out of the range.
- 768 KB of SRAM

The Arm® Cortex®-M4 processor is structured in Harvard architecture which can use separate buses to fetch instructions and load/store data. 2048 Kbytes of inner Flash, which includes

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code Flash and data Flash is available for storing programs and data, and there is no waiting time within code Flash area when CPU executes instructions. Up to 768 Kbytes of inner SRAM is composed of SRAM0 (112KB), SRAM1 (16KB), SRAM2 (64KB) and ADDSRAM (512KB) that can be accessed at same time, and including 64 KB of TCM (tightly-coupled memory) data RAM that can be accessed only by the data bus of the Cortex®-M4 core. The additional 4KB of backup SRAM (BKP SRAM) is implemented in the backup domain, which can keep its content even when the V_{DD} power supply is down. ***Table 2-2. GD32F415RIO6 memory map*** shows the memory map of the GD32F415RIO6 series of devices, including Flash, SRAM, peripheral, and other pre-defined regions.

3.3. Clock, reset and supply management

- Internal 16 MHz factory-trimmed RC and external 4 to 32 MHz crystal oscillator
- Internal 48 MHz RC oscillator
- Internal 32 KHz RC calibrated oscillator and external 32.768 KHz crystal oscillator
- Integrated system clock PLL
- 2.6 to 3.6 V application supply and I/Os
- Supply Supervisor: POR (Power On Reset), PDR (Power Down Reset), and low voltage detector (LVD)

The Clock Control Unit (CCU) provides a range of oscillator and clock functions. These include internal RC oscillator and external crystal oscillator, high speed and low speed two types. Several prescalers allow the frequency configuration of the AHB and two APB domains. The maximum frequency of the two AHB domains are 240 MHz. The maximum frequency of the two APB domains including APB1 is 60 MHz and APB2 is 120 MHz. See ***Figure 2-3. GD32F415RIO6 clock tree*** for details on the clock tree.

The Reset Control Unit (RCU) controls three kinds of reset: system reset resets the processor core and peripheral IP components. Power-on reset (POR) and power-down reset (PDR) are always active, and ensures proper operation starting from 2.4 V and down to 1.8V. The device remains in reset mode when V_{DD} is below a specified threshold. The embedded low voltage detector (LVD) monitors the power supply, compares it to the voltage threshold and generates an interrupt as a warning message for leading the MCU into security.

Power supply schemes:

- V_{DD} range: 2.6 to 3.6 V, external power supply for I/Os and the internal regulator. Provided externally through VDD pins.
- V_{SSA}, V_{DDA} range: 2.6 to 3.6 V, external analog power supplies for ADC, reset blocks, RCs and PLL. VDDA and VSSA must be connected to VDD and VSS, respectively.
- V_{BAT} range: 1.8 to 3.6 V, power supply for RTC, external clock 32 KHz oscillator and backup registers (through power switch) when V_{DD} is not present.

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3.4. Boot modes

At startup, boot pins are used to select one of three boot options:

- Boot from main Flash memory (default)
- Boot from system memory
- Boot from on-chip SRAM

The boot loader is located in the internal 30KB of information blocks for the boot ROM memory (system memory). It is used to reprogram the Flash memory by using USART0 (PA9 and PA10), USART2 (PB10 and PB11, or PC10 and PC11), and USBFS (PA9, PA10, PA11 and PA12) in device mode. It also can be used to transfer and update the Flash memory code, the data and the vector table sections. In default condition, boot from bank0 of Flash memory is selected. It also supports to boot from bank1 of Flash memory by setting a bit in option bytes.

3.5. Power saving modes

The MCU supports three kinds of power saving modes to achieve even lower power consumption. They are sleep mode, deep-sleep mode, and standby mode. These operating modes reduce the power consumption and allow the application to achieve the best balance between the CPU operating time, speed and power consumption.

- **Sleep** mode
  In sleep mode, only the clock of CPU core is off. All peripherals continue to operate and any interrupt/event can wake up the system.
- **Deep-sleep** mode
  In deep-sleep mode, all clocks in the 1.2V domain are off, and all of the high speed crystal oscillator (IRC16M, HXTAL) and PLL are disabled. Only the contents of SRAM and registers are retained. Any interrupt or wakeup event from EXTI lines can wake up the system from the deep-sleep mode including the 16 external lines, the RTC alarm, RTC Tamper and TimeStamp event, the LVD output, RTC wakeup and USB wakeup. When exiting the deep-sleep mode, the IRC16M is selected as the system clock.
- **Standby** mode
  In standby mode, the whole 1.2V domain is power off, the LDO is shut down, and all of IRC16M, HXTAL and PLL are disabled. The contents of SRAM and registers (except backup registers) are lost. There are four wakeup sources for the standby mode, including the external reset from NRST pin, the RTC, the FWDGT reset, and the rising edge on WKUP pin.

3.6. Analog to digital converter (ADC)

- 12-bit SAR ADC's conversion rate is up to 2.6 MSPS
- 12-bit, 10-bit, 8-bit or 6-bit configurable resolution

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- Hardware oversampling ratio adjustable from 2x to 256x improves resolution to 16-bit
- Input voltage range: V_{SSA} to V_{DDA} (2.6V ≤ V_{DDA} ≤ 3.6V)
- Temperature sensor

Up to three 12-bit 2.6 MSPS multi-channel ADCs are integrated in the device. It has a total of 19 multiplexed channels: 16 external channels, 1 channel for internal temperature sensor (V_{SENSE}), 1 channel for internal reference voltage (V_{REFINT}) and 1 channel for external battery power supply (V_{BAT}). The input voltage range is between 2.6 V and 3.6 V. An on-chip hardware oversampling scheme improves performance while off-loading the related computational burden from the CPU. An analog watchdog block can be used to detect the channels, which are required to remain within a specific threshold window. A configurable channel management block can be used to perform conversions in single, continuous, scan or discontinuous mode to support more advanced use.

The ADC can be triggered from the events generated by the general level 0 timers (TIMERx) and the advanced-control timers (TIMER0 and TIMER7) with internal connection. The temperature sensor can be used to generate a voltage that varies linearly with temperature. It is internally connected to the ADC_IN16 input channel which is used to convert the sensor output voltage in a digital value.

3.7. Digital to analog converter (DAC)

- Two 12-bit DAC converter of independent output channel
- 8-bit or 12-bit mode in conjunction with the DMA controller

The 12-bit buffered DAC channel is used to generate variable analog outputs. The DACs are designed with integrated resistor strings structure. The DAC channels can be triggered by the timer update outputs or EXTI with DMA support. The maximum output value of the DAC is VREFP.

3.8. DMA

- 16 channels DMA controller and each channel are configurable (8 for DMA0 and 8 for DMA1)
- Support independent 8, 16, 32-bit memory and peripheral transfer
- Peripherals supported: Timers, ADC, SPIs, I2Cs, USARTs, UARTs, DAC, I2S

The flexible general-purpose DMA controllers provide a hardware method of transferring data between peripherals and/or memory without intervention from the CPU, thereby freeing up bandwidth for other system functions. Three types of access method are supported: peripheral to memory, memory to peripheral, memory to memory.

Each channel is connected to fixed hardware DMA requests. The priorities of DMA channel requests are determined by software configuration and hardware channel number. Transfer size of source and destination are independent and configurable.

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3.9. General-purpose inputs/outputs (GPIOs)

- Up to 51 fast GPIOs, all mappable on 16 external interrupt lines
- Analog input/output configurable
- Alternate function input/output configurable

There are up to 51 general purpose I/O pins (GPIO) in GD32F415RIO6, named PA0 ~ PA15, PB0 ~ PB15, PC0 ~ PC15 and PH0 ~ PH1 to implement logic input/output functions. Each of the GPIO ports has related control and configuration registers to satisfy the requirements of specific applications. The external interrupts on the GPIO pins of the device have related control and configuration registers in the Interrupt/event controller (EXTI). The GPIO ports are pin-shared with other alternative functions (AFs) to obtain maximum flexibility on the package pins. Each of the GPIO pins can be configured by software as output (push-pull or open-drain), as input (with or without pull-up or pull-down) or as peripheral alternate function. Most of the GPIO pins are shared with digital or analog alternate functions. All GPIOs are high-current capable except for analog inputs.

3.10. Timers and PWM generation

- Two 16-bit advanced-control timer (TIMER0 & TIMER7), eight 16-bit general timers (TIMER2, TIMER3, TIMER8 ~ TIMER13), two 32-bit general timers (TIMER1 & TIMER4) and two 16-bit basic timer (TIMER5 & TIMER6)
- Up to 4 independent channels of PWM, output compare or input capture for each general timer and external trigger input
- 16-bit, motor control PWM advanced-control timer with programmable dead-time generation for output match
- Encoder interface controller with two inputs using quadrature decoder
- 24-bit SysTick timer down counter
- 2 watchdog timers (free watchdog timer and window watchdog timer)

The advanced-control timer (TIMER0 & TIMER7) can be used as a three-phase PWM multiplexed on 6 channels. It has complementary PWM outputs with programmable dead-time generation. It can also be used as a complete general timer. The 4 independent channels can be used for input capture, output compare, PWM generation (edge- or center-aligned counting modes) and single pulse mode output. If configured as a general 16-bit timer, it has the same functions as the TIMERx timer. It can be synchronized with external signals or to interconnect with other general timers together which have the same architecture and features.

The general timer, can be used for a variety of purposes including general time, input signal pulse width measurement or output waveform generation such as a single pulse generation or PWM output, up to 4 independent channels for input capture/output compare. TIMER1 & TIMER4 is based on a 32-bit auto-reload up/downcounter and a 16-bit prescaler. TIMER2 & TIMER3 is based on a 16-bit auto-reload up/downcounter and a 16-bit prescaler. TIMER8 ~

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TIMER13 is based on a 16-bit auto-reload upcounter and a 16-bit prescaler. The general timer also supports an encoder interface with two inputs using quadrature decoder.

The basic timer, known as TIMER5 & TIMER6, are mainly used for DAC trigger generation. They can also be used as a simple 16-bit time base.

The GD32F415RIO6 have two watchdog peripherals, free watchdog timer and window watchdog timer. They offer a combination of high safety level, flexibility of use and timing accuracy.

The free watchdog timer includes a 12-bit down-counting counter and an 8-bit prescaler. It is clocked from an independent 32 KHz internal RC and as it operates independently of the main clock, it can operate in deep-sleep and standby modes. It can be used either as a watchdog to reset the device when a problem occurs, or as a free-running timer for application timeout management.

The window watchdog timer is based on a 7-bit down counter that can be set as free-running. It can be used as a watchdog to reset the device when a problem occurs. It is clocked from the main clock. It has an early wakeup interrupt capability and the counter can be frozen in debug mode.

The SysTick timer is dedicated for OS, but could also be used as a standard down counter. It features:

- A 24-bit down counter
- Auto reload capability
- Maskable system interrupt generation when the counter reaches 0
- Programmable clock source

3.11. Real time clock (RTC) and backup registers

- Independent binary-coded decimal (BCD) format timer/counter with twenty 32-bit backup registers.
- Calendar with sub-second, seconds, minutes, hours, week day, date, year and month automatically correction.
- Alarm function with wake up from deep-sleep and standby mode capability.
- On-the-fly correction for synchronization with master clock. Digital calibration with 1 ppm resolution for compensation of quartz crystal inaccuracy.

The real time clock is an independent timer which provides a set of continuously running counters in backup registers to provide a real calendar function, and provides an alarm interrupt or an expected interrupt. It is not reset by a system or power reset, or when the device wakes up from standby mode. A prescaler is used for the time base clock and is by default configured to generate a time base of 1 second from a clock at 32.768 KHz from external crystal oscillator.

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3.12. Inter-integrated circuit (I2C)

- Up to three I2C bus interfaces can support both master and slave mode with a frequency up to 400 KHz (Fast mode).
- Provide arbitration function, optional PEC (packet error checking) generation and checking.
- Supports 7-bit and 10-bit addressing mode and general call addressing mode.

The I2C interface is an internal circuit allowing communication with an external I2C interface which is an industry standard two line serial interface used for connection to external hardware. These two serial lines are known as a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock line (SCL). The I2C module provides two data transfer rates: 100 KHz of standard mode or 400 KHz of the fast mode. The I2C module also has an arbitration detect function to prevent the situation where more than one master attempts to transmit data to the I2C bus at the same time. A CRC-8 calculator is also provided in I2C interface to perform packet error checking for I2C data.

3.13. Serial peripheral interface (SPI)

- Up to three SPI interfaces with a frequency of up to 30 MHz
- Support both master and slave mode
- Hardware CRC calculation and transmit automatic CRC error checking

The SPI interface uses 4 pins, among which are the serial data input and output lines (MISO & MOSI), the clock line (SCK) and the slave select line (NSS). Both SPIs can be served by the DMA controller. The SPI interface may be used for a variety of purposes, including simplex synchronous transfers on two lines with a possible bidirectional data line or reliable communication using CRC checking.

3.14. Universal synchronous/asynchronous receiver transmitter (USART/UART)

- Up to four USARTs and two UARTs with operating speed up to 15 MBit/s
- Supports both asynchronous and clocked synchronous serial communication modes
- IrDA SIR encoder and decoder support
- LIN break generation and detection
- ISO 7816-3 compliant smart card interface

The USART (USART0, USART1, USART2, USART5) and UART (UART3, UART4) are used to transfer data between parallel and serial interfaces, provides a flexible full duplex data exchange using synchronous or asynchronous transfer. It is also commonly used for RS-232 standard communication. The USART/UART includes a programmable baud rate generator

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which is capable of dividing the system clock to produce a dedicated clock for the USART/UART transmitter and receiver. The USART/UART also supports DMA function for high speed data communication.

3.15. Inter-IC sound (I2S)

- Two I2S bus Interfaces with sampling frequency from 8 KHz to 192 KHz, multiplexed with SPI1 and SPI2
- Support either master or slave mode Audio
- Sampling frequencies from 8 KHz up to 192 KHz are supported

The Inter-IC sound (I2S) bus provides a standard communication interface for digital audio applications by 4-wire serial lines. GD32F415RIO6 contain an I2S-bus interface that can be operated with 16/32 bit resolution in master or slave mode, pin multiplexed with SPI1 and SPI2. The audio sampling frequencies from 8 KHz to 192 KHz is supported.

3.16. Universal serial bus full-speed interface (USBFS)

- One USB device/host/OTG full-speed Interface with frequency up to 12 Mbit/s
- Internal 48 MHz oscillator support crystal-less operation
- Internal main PLL for USB CLK compliantly
- Internal USBFS PHY support

The Universal Serial Bus (USB) is a 4-wire bus with 4 bidirectional endpoints. The device controller enables 12 Mbit/s data exchange with integrated transceivers. Transaction formatting is performed by the hardware, including CRC generation and checking. It supports both host and device modes, as well as OTG mode with Host Negotiation Protocol (HNP) and Session Request Protocol (SRP). The controller contains a full-speed USB PHY internal. For full-speed or low-speed operation, no more external PHY chip is needed. It supports all the four types of transfer (control, bulk, Interrupt and isochronous) defined in USB 2.0 protocol. The required precise 48 MHz clock which can be generated from the internal main PLL (the clock source must use an HXTAL crystal oscillator) or by the internal 48 MHz oscillator in automatic trimming mode that allows crystal-less operation.

3.17. Universal serial bus high-speed interface (USBHS)

- One USB device/host/OTG high-speed Interface with frequency up to 480 Mbit/s
- An external PHY device connected to the ULPI is required when using in HS mode

USBHS supports both host and device modes, as well as OTG mode with Host Negotiation Protocol (HNP) and Session Request Protocol (SRP). The controller provides ULPI interface for external USB PHY integration and it also contains a full-speed USB PHY internal. For full-speed or low-speed operation, no more external PHY chip is needed. It supports all the four

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types of transfer (control, bulk, Interrupt and isochronous) defined in USB 2.0 protocol. HUB connection is supported when USBHS operates at high-speed in host mode. There is also a DMA engine operating as an AHB bus master in USBHS to speed up the data transfer between USBHS and system.

3.18. Controller area network (CAN)

- Two CAN2.0B interface with communication frequency up to 1 Mbit/s
- Internal main PLL for CAN CLK compliantly

Controller area network (CAN) is a method for enabling serial communication in field bus. The CAN protocol has been used extensively in industrial automation and automotive applications. It can receive and transmit standard frames with 11-bit identifiers as well as extended frames with 29-bit identifiers. Each CAN has three mailboxes for transmission and two FIFOs of three message deep for reception. It also provides 28 scalable/configurable identifier filter banks for selecting the incoming messages needed and discarding the others.

3.19. Debug mode

- Serial wire JTAG debug port (SWJ-DP)

The Arm® SWJ-DP Interface is embedded and is a combined JTAG and serial wire debug port that enables either a serial wire debug or a JTAG probe to be connected to the target.

3.20. Package and operation temperature

- QFN64
- Operation temperature range: -40°C to +85°C (industrial level)

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4. Electrical characteristics

4.1. Absolute maximum ratings

The maximum ratings are the limits to which the device can be subjected without permanently damaging the device. Note that the device is not guaranteed to operate properly at the maximum ratings. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 4-1. Absolute maximum ratings(1)(4)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
VDD	External voltage range(2)	VSS - 0.3	VSS + 3.6	V
VDDA	External analog supply voltage	VSSA - 0.3	VSSA + 3.6	V
VBAT	External battery supply voltage	VSS - 0.3	VSS + 3.6	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage on 5V tolerant pin(3)	VSS - 0.3	VDD + 3.6	V
	Input voltage on other I/O	VSS - 0.3	3.6	V
$\|\Delta V_{DDX}\|$	Variations between different VDD power pins	—	50	mV
$\|V_{SSX} - VSS\|$	Variations between different ground pins	—	50	mV
I_{IO}	Maximum current for GPIO pins	—	25	mA
T_A	Operating temperature range	-40	+85	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-65	+150	°C
T_J	Maximum junction temperature	—	125	°C

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(2) All main power and ground pins should be connected to an external power source within the allowable range.

(3) V_{IN} maximum value cannot exceed 5.5 V.

(4) It is recommended that VDD and VDDA are powered by the same source. The maximum difference between VDD and VDDA does not exceed 300 mV during power-up and operation.

4.2. Operating conditions characteristics

Table 4-2. DC operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min(1)	Typ	Max(1)	Unit
VDD	Supply voltage	—	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
VDDA	Analog supply voltage	Same as VDD	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
VBAT	Battery supply voltage	—	1.8(2)	—	3.6	V

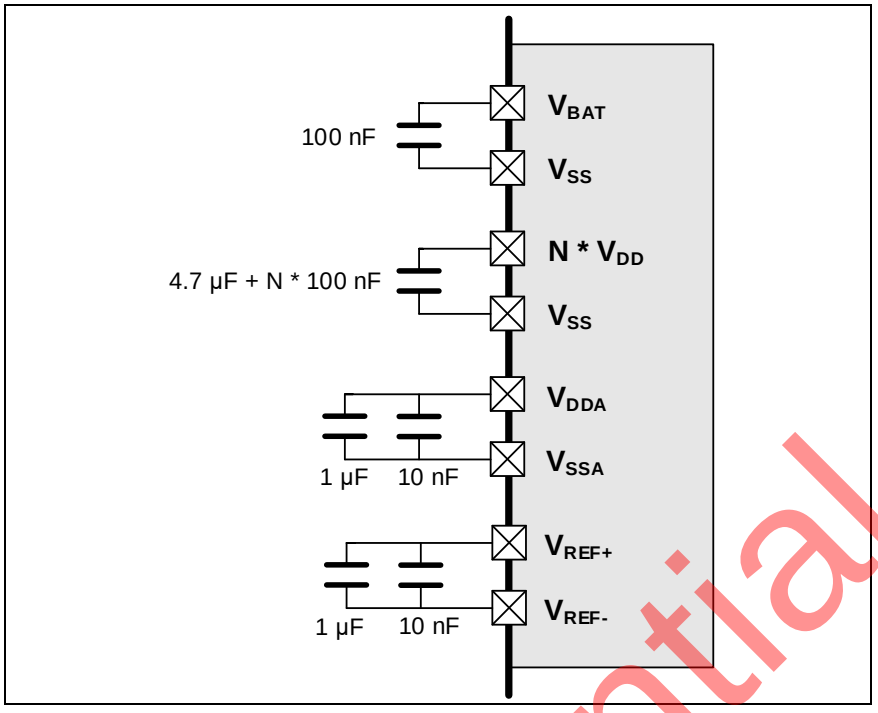
(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) In the application which VBAT supply the backup domains, if the VBAT voltage drops below the minimum value, when VDD is powered on again, it is necessary to refresh the registers of backup domains and enable LXTAL again.

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Figure 4-1. Recommended power supply decoupling capacitors(1) (2)



(1) The VREFP and VREFN pins are only available on no less than 100-pin packages, or else the VREFP and VREFN pins are not available and internally connected to VDDA and VSSA pins.

(2) All decoupling capacitors need to be as close as possible to the pins on the PCB board.

Table 4-3. Clock frequency(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f_{HCLK}	AHB clock frequency	—	—	240	MHz
f_{APB1}	APB1 clock frequency	—	—	60	MHz
f_{APB2}	APB2 clock frequency	—	—	120	MHz

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-4. Operating conditions at Power up / Power down(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
t_{VDD}	VDD rise time rate	—	0	∞	µs/ V
	VDD fall time rate		20	∞	

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-5. Start-up timings of Operating conditions(1)(2)(3)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Unit
$t_{start-up}$	Start-up time	Clock source from HXTAL	140.6	ms
		Clock source from IRC16M	140.2	

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) After power-up, the start-up time is the time between the rising edge of NRST high and the main function.

(3) PLL is off.

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Table 4-6. Power saving mode wakeup timings characteristics(1)(2)

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Unit
t_{Sleep}	Wakeup from Sleep mode	0.623	μs
$t_{Deep-sleep}$	Wakeup from Deep-sleep mode（LDO On）	1.57	
	Wakeup from Deep-sleep mode（LDO in low power mode）	1.57	
$t_{Standby}$	Wakeup from Standby mode	140	ms

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) The wakeup time is measured from the wakeup event to the point at which the application code reads the first instruction under the below conditions: VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, IRC16M = System clock = 16 MHz.

4.3. Power consumption

The power measurements specified in the tables represent that code with data executing from on-chip Flash with the following specifications.

Table 4-7. Power consumption characteristics(2)(3)(4)(5)(6)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ(1)	Max	Unit
$I_{DD}+I_{DDA}$	Supply current (Run mode)	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 240 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	73.5	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 240 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	44.1	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 200 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	61.5	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 200 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	37.1	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 180 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	55.9	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 180 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	33.9	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 168 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	52.6	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 168 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	32.0	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 120 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	38.6	—	mA

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ(1)	Max	Unit
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 120 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	23.9	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 108 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	35.2	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 108 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	22.0	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 90 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	29.9	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 90 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	19.0	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 60 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	21.2	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 60 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	13.9	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 30 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	13.3	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 30 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	9.5	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 25 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	11.7	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 25 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	8.5	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 16 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	8.9	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 16 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	6.9	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 8 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	6.4	—	mA

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ(1)	Max	Unit
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 8 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	5.3	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 4 MHz, All peripherals enabled	—	5.0	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 4 MHz, All peripherals disabled	—	4.5	—	mA
	Supply current (Sleep mode)	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 240 MHz,CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	50.0	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 240 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	21.7	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 200 MHz,CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	42.2	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 200 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	18.7	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 180 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	38.5	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 180 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	17.2	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 168 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	36.2	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 168 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	16.4	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 120 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	27.0	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 120 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	12.8	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 108 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	24.7	—	mA

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ(1)	Max	Unit
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 108 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	11.9	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 90 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	21.2	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 90 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	10.5	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 60 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	15.5	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 60 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	8.4	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 30 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	10.5	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 30 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	6.7	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 25 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	9.4	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 25 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	6.2	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 16 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	7.4	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 16 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	5.4	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 8 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	5.7	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 8 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	4.7	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 4 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals enabled	—	4.8	—	mA

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ(1)	Max	Unit
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 25 MHz, System clock = 4 MHz, CPU clock off, All peripherals disabled	—	4.3	—	mA
	Supply current (Deep-Sleep mode)	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, LDO in run mode and normal driver mode, IRC32K off, RTC off	—	1.39	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, LDO in low power mode and normal driver mode, IRC32K off	—	1.36	11	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, LDO in run mode and low driver mode, IRC32K off, RTC off	—	1.33	—	mA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, LDO in low power mode and low driver mode, IRC32K off	—	1.30	—	mA
	Supply current (Standby mode)	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, LXTAL off, IRC32K on, RTC on, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	9.90	—	μA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, LXTAL off, IRC32K on, RTC off, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	9.67	—	μA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, LXTAL off, IRC32K off, RTC off, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	9.19	—	μA
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, LXTAL off, IRC32K off, RTC off, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	3.26	—	μA
I_{BAT}	Battery supply current (Backup mode)	VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT=3.6V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	9.09	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT=3.3V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	8.93	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT=2.6V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	8.74	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT=1.8V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	7.47	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =3.6V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	2.23	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =3.3V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	2.13	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =2.6V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	2	—	μA

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ(1)	Max	Unit
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =1.8V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	1.89	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =3.6V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	8.16	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =3.3V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	8	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =2.6V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	7.8	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =1.8V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving, backup SRAM LDO ON	—	6.7	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =3.6V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	1.27	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =3.3V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	1.18	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =2.6V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	1.06	—	μA
		VDD off, VDDA off, VBAT =1.8V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving, backup SRAM LDO OFF	—	0.96	—	μA

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Unless otherwise specified, all values given for T_A = 25 ℃ and test result is mean value.
(3) When System Clock is less than 4 MHz, an external source is used, and the HXTAL bypass function is needed, no PLL.
(4) When System Clock is greater than 8 MHz, a crystal 8 MHz is used, and the HXTAL bypass function is closed, using PLL.
(5) When analog peripheral blocks such as ADCs, DACs, HXTAL, LXTAL, IRC16M, or IRC32K are ON, an additional power consumption should be considered.
(6) All GPIOs are configured as analog mode except standby mode.

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Figure 4-2. Typical supply current consumption in Run mode

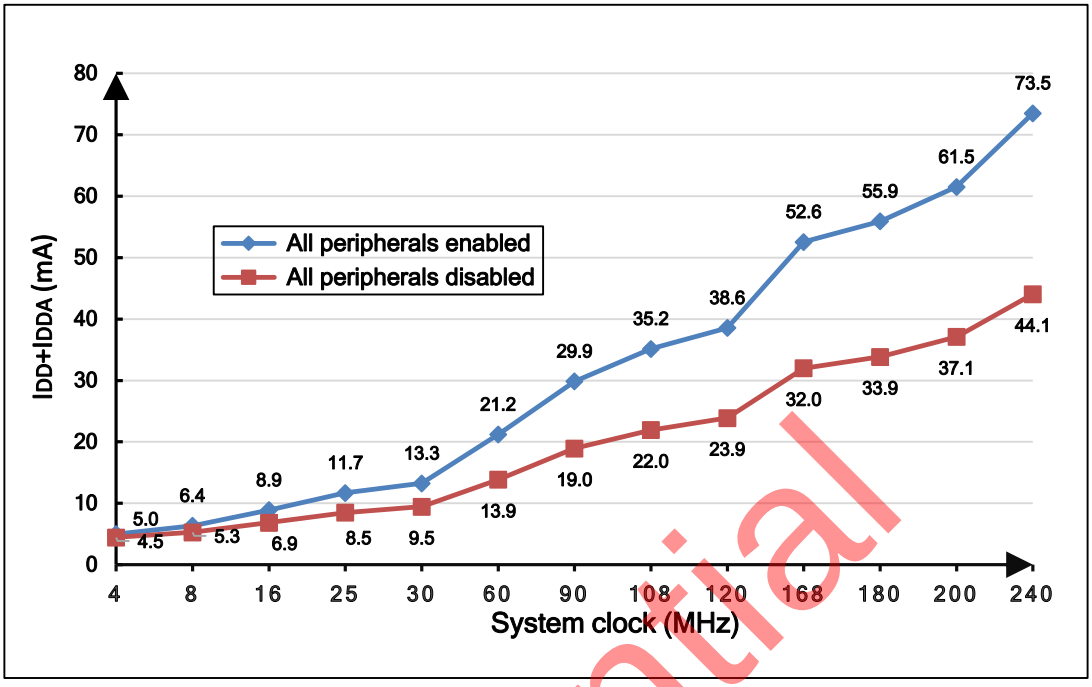
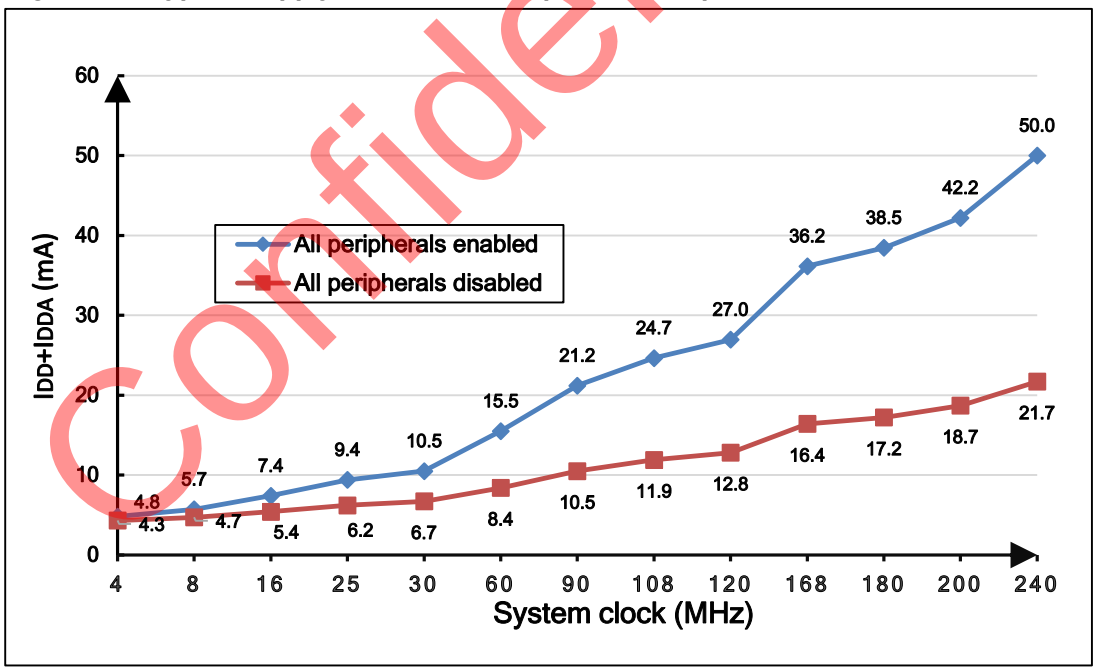


Figure 4-3. Typical supply current consumption in Sleep mode



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4.4. EMC characteristics

EMS (electromagnetic susceptibility) includes ESD (Electrostatic discharge, positive and negative) and FTB (Burst of Fast Transient voltage, positive and negative) testing result is given in ***Table 4-8. EMS characteristics***, based on the EMS levels and classes compliant with IEC 61000 series standard.

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Table 4-8. EMS characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Level/Class
V_{ESD}	Voltage applied to all device pins to induce a functional disturbance	VDD = 3.3 V, T_A = 25 °C f_{HCLK} = 240 MHz conforms to IEC 61000-4-2	3A
V_{FTB}	Fast transient voltage burst applied to induce a functional disturbance through 100 pF on VDD and VSS pins	VDD = 3.3 V, T_A = 25 °C f_{HCLK} = 240 MHz conforms to IEC 61000-4-4	3A

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.5. Power supply supervisor characteristics

Table 4-9. Power supply supervisor characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{LVD}(1)	Low voltage Detector level selection	LVDT<2:0> = 000(rising edge)	—	2.1	—	V
		LVDT<2:0> = 000(falling edge)	—	1.98	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 001(rising edge)	—	2.23	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 001(falling edge)	—	2.12	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 010(rising edge)	—	2.36	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 010(falling edge)	—	2.25	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 011(rising edge)	—	2.50	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 011(falling edge)	—	2.38	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 100(rising edge)	—	2.62	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 100(falling edge)	—	2.52	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 101(rising edge)	—	2.74	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 101(falling edge)	—	2.66	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 110(rising edge)	—	2.90	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 110(falling edge)	—	2.80	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 111(rising edge)	—	3.03	—	
		LVDT<2:0> = 111(falling edge)	—	2.93	—	
$V_{LVDhyst}$(2)	LVD hystersis	—	—	100	—	mV
V_{POR}(1)	Power on reset threshold	—	—	2.45	—	V
V_{PDR}(1)	Power down reset threshold	—	—	1.82	—	V

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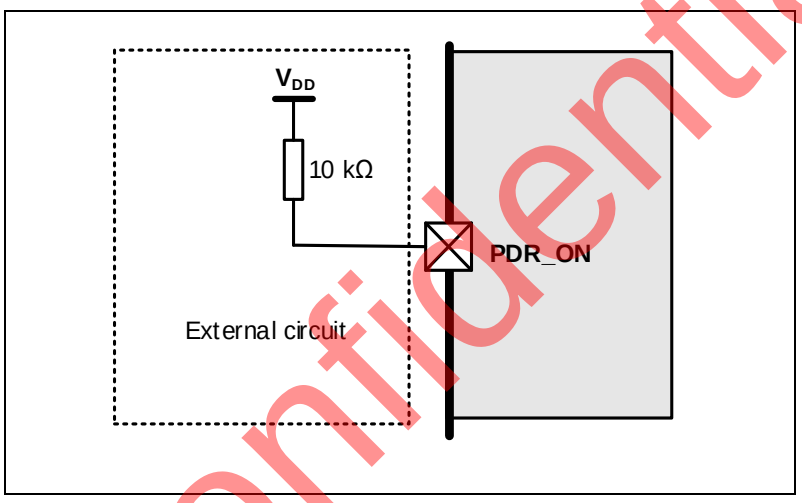
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{PDRhyst}$(2)	PDR hysteresis	—	—	600	—	mV
V_{BOR3}(1)	Brownout level 3 threshold	Falling edge	—	2.80	—	V
		Rising edge	—	2.89	—	V
V_{BOR2}(1)	Brownout level 2 threshold	Falling edge	—	2.51	—	V
		Rising edge	—	2.59	—	V
V_{BOR1}(1)	Brownout level 1 threshold	Falling edge	—	2.20	—	V
		Rising edge	—	2.30	—	V
$V_{BORhyst}$(2)	BOR hysteresis	—	—	100	—	mV
$t_{RSTTEMPO}$(2)	Reset temporization	—	—	2	—	ms

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Figure 4-4. Recommended PDR_ON pin circuit



(1) The PDR supervisor can be enabled/disabled through PDR_ON pin.

(2) When PDR_ON pin is connected to VSS (Internal Reset OFF), the VBAT functionality is no more available and VBAT pin should be connected to VDD.

4.6. Electrical sensitivity

The device is strained in order to determine its performance in terms of electrical sensitivity. Electrostatic discharges (ESD) are applied directly to the pins of the sample. Static latch-up (LU) test is based on the two measurement methods.

Table 4-10. ESD characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{ESD(HBM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model)	T_A=25 °C; JS-001-2017	—	—	5000	V
$V_{ESD(CDM)}$	Electrostatic discharge voltage (charge device model)	T_A=25 °C; JS-002-2018	—	—	1000	V

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(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-11. Static latch-up characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
LU	I-test	T_A=105 °C; JESD78	—	—	±200	mA
	V_{supply} over voltage		—	—	5.4	V

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.7. External clock characteristics

Table 4-12. High speed external clock (HXTAL) generated from a crystal/ceramic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HXTAL}(1)	Crystal or ceramic frequency	2.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V	4	25	32	MHz
R_F(2)	Feedback resistor	VDD = 3.3 V	—	400	—	kΩ
C_{HXTAL}(2) (3)	Recommended matching capacitance on OSCIN and OSCOUT	—	—	20	30	pF
$Ducy_{(HXTAL)}$(2)	Crystal or ceramic duty cycle	—	30	50	70	%
g_m(2)	Oscillator transconductance	Startup	—	25	—	mA/V
$I_{DDHXTAL}$(1)	Crystal or ceramic operating current	VDD = 3.3 V	—	1.2	—	mA
$t_{SUHXTAL}$(1)	Crystal or ceramic startup time	VDD = 3.3 V	—	0.42	—	ms

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3) $C_{HXTAL1} = C_{HXTAL2} = 2*(C_{LOAD} - C_S)$, For C_{HXTAL1} and C_{HXTAL2}, it is recommended matching capacitance on OSCIN and OSCOUT. For C_{LOAD}, it is crystal/ceramic load capacitance, provided by the crystal or ceramic manufacturer. For C_S, it is PCB and MCU pin stray capacitance.

Table 4-13. High speed external clock characteristics (HXTAL in bypass mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HXTAL_ext}(1)	External clock source or oscillator frequency	2.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V	1	—	50	MHz
V_{HXTALH}(2)	OSCIN input pin high level voltage	VDD = 3.3 V	0.7 VDD	—	VDD	V
V_{HXTALL}(2)	OSCIN input pin low level voltage		VSS	—	0.3 VDD	V
$t_{H/L(HXTAL)}$ (2)	OSCIN high or low time	—	5	—	—	ns
$t_{R/F(HXTAL)}$ (2)	OSCIN rise or fall time	—	—	—	10	ns
C_{IN}(2)	OSCIN input capacitance	—	—	5	—	pF
$Ducy_{(HXTAL)}$ (2)	Duty cycle	—	40	—	60	%

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

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Table 4-14. Low speed external clock (LXTAL) generated from a crystal/ceramic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LXTAL}(1)	Crystal or ceramic frequency	VDD = 3.3 V	—	32.768	—	kHz
C_{LXTAL}(2) (3)	Recommended matching capacitance on OSC32IN and OSC32OUT	—	—	15	—	pF
$Ducy_{(LXTAL)}$(2)	Crystal or ceramic duty cycle	—	30	—	70	%
g_m(2)	Oscillator transconductance	Medium low driving capability	—	6	—	µA/V
		Higher driving capability	—	18	—	
$I_{DDLXTAL}$ (1)	Crystal or ceramic operating current	LXTALDRI= 0	—	0.8	—	µA
		LXTALDRI= 1	—	1.6	—	
$t_{SULXTAL}$(1) (4)	Crystal or ceramic startup time	LXTALDRI= 0	—	369	—	ms
		LXTALDRI= 1	—	175	—	ms

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(3) $C_{LXTAL1} = C_{LXTAL2} = 2*(C_{LOAD} - C_S)$, For C_{LXTAL1} and C_{LXTAL2}, it is recommended matching capacitance on OSC32IN and OSC32OUT. For C_{LOAD}, it is crystal/ceramic load capacitance, provided by the crystal or ceramic manufacturer. For C_S, it is PCB and MCU pin stray capacitance.

(4) $t_{SULXTAL}$ is the startup time measured from the moment it is enabled (by software) to the 32.768 kHz oscillator stabilization flags is SET. This value varies significantly with the crystal manufacturer.

Table 4-15. Low speed external user clock characteristics (LXTAL in bypass mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LXTAL_ext}(1)	External clock source or oscillator frequency	VDD = 3.3 V	—	32.768	1000	kHz
V_{LXTALH}(2)	OSC32IN input pin high level voltage	—	0.7 VDD	—	VDD	V
V_{LXTALL}(2)	OSC32IN input pin low level voltage	—	VSS	—	0.3 VDD	
$t_{H/L(LXTAL)}$ (2)	OSC32IN high or low time	—	450	—	—	ns
$t_{R/F(LXTAL)}$ (2)	OSC32IN rise or fall time	—	—	—	50	
C_{IN}(2)	OSC32IN input capacitance	—	—	5	—	pF
$Ducy_{(LXTAL)}$ (2)	Duty cycle	—	30	50	70	%

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

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4.8. Internal clock characteristics

Table 4-16. High speed internal clock (IRC16M) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IRC16M}	High Speed Internal Oscillator (IRC16M) frequency	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V	—	16	—	MHz
ACC_{IRC16M}	IRC16M oscillator Frequency accuracy, Factory-trimmed	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, T_A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	-1.73 to +1.1 (1)	—	%
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, T_A = 25 °C	-1.0	—	+1.0	%
	IRC16M oscillator Frequency accuracy, User trimming step	—	—	0.5	—	%
$Ducy_{IRC16M}$(2)	IRC16M oscillator duty cycle	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V	45	50	55	%
$I_{DDIRC16M}$ +$I_{DDAIRC16M}$(1)	IRC16M oscillator operating current	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, f_{HCLK} =f_{HXTAL} = 25 MHz	—	47	—	µA
$t_{SUIRC16M}$(1)	IRC16M oscillator startup time	—	—	1.18	—	µs

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-17. High speed internal clock (IRC48M) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IRC48M}	High Speed Internal Oscillator (IRC48M) frequency	VDD = 3.3 V	—	48	—	MHz
ACC_{IRC48M}	IRC48M oscillator Frequency accuracy, Factory-trimmed	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, T_A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	-1.31 to -0.39 (1)	—	%
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, T_A = 25 °C	-2.0	—	+2.0	%
	IRC48M oscillator Frequency accuracy, User trimming step	—	—	0.12	—	%
$Ducy_{IRC48M}$(2)	IRC48M oscillator duty cycle	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V	45	50	55	%
$I_{DDIRC48M}$ +$I_{DDAIRC48M}$(1)	IRC48M oscillator operating current	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, f_{HCLK} = f_{IRC16M} = 16 MHz	—	358	—	µA
$t_{SUIRC48M}$(1)	IRC48M oscillator startup time	—	—	1.23	—	µs

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

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Table 4-18. Low speed internal clock (IRC32K) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{IRC32K}(1)	Low Speed Internal oscillator (IRC32K) frequency	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, T_A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	32	—	kHz
$I_{DDAIRC32K}$(2)	IRC32K oscillator operating current	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, f_{HCLK} = f_{IRC16M} = 16 MHz,	—	0.43	—	μA
$t_{SUIRC32K}$(2)	IRC32K oscillator startup time	—	—	22.1	—	μs

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
(2) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.9. PLL characteristics

Table 4-19. PLL characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{PLLIN}(1)	PLL input clock frequency	—	1	—	4	MHz
f_{PLLOUT}(2)	PLL output clock frequency	—	100	—	500	MHz
f_{VCO}(2)	PLL VCO output clock frequency	—	32	—	344	MHz
t_{LOCK}(2)	PLL lock time	—	—	—	400	μs
I_{DDA}(1)(3)	Current consumption on VDDA	VCO freq = 400 MHz	—	797	—	μA
$Jitter_{PLL}$	Cycle to cycle Jitter(rms)	System clock	—	40	—	ps
	Cycle to cycle Jitter（peak to peak）		—	400	—	

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
(3) System clock = HXTAL = 25 MHz, PLL clock source = HXTAL/25 = 1 MHz, f_{PLLOUT} = 100 MHz.
(4) Value given with main PLL running.

Table 4-20. PLLI2S characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{PLLIN}(1)	PLLI2S input clock frequency	—	1	—	4	MHz
f_{PLLOUT}(2)	PLLI2S output clock frequency	—	100	—	500	MHz
f_{VCO}(2)	PLLI2S VCO output clock frequency	—	32	—	344	MHz
t_{LOCK}(2)	PLLI2S lock time	—	—	—	400	μs
I_{DDA}(1)(3)	Current consumption on VDDA	VCO freq = 400 MHz	—	814	—	μA
$Jitter_{PLL}$	Cycle to cycle Jitter(rms)	System clock	—	40	—	ps
	Cycle to cycle Jitter（peak to peak）		—	400	—	

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(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
(3) System clock = HXTAL = 25 MHz, PLL clock source = HXTAL/25 = 1 MHz, f_{PLLOUT} = 100 MHz.
(4) Value given with main PLLI2S running.

Table 4-21. PLLSAI characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{PLLIN}(1)	PLLSAI input clock frequency	—	1	—	4	MHz
f_{PLLOUT}(2)	PLLSAI output clock frequency	—	100	—	500	MHz
f_{VCO}(2)	PLLSAI VCO output clock frequency	—	32	—	344	MHz
t_{LOCK}(2)	PLLSAI lock time	—	—	—	400	μs
I_{DDA}(1)(3)	Current consumption on VDDA	VCO freq = 400 MHz	—	796	—	μA
$Jitter_{PLL}$	Cycle to cycle Jitter(rms)	System clock	—	40	—	ps
	Cycle to cycle Jitter （peak to peak）		—	400	—	

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
(3) System clock = HXTAL = 25 MHz, PLL clock source = HXTAL/25 = 1 MHz, f_{PLLOUT} = 100 MHz.
(4) Value given with main PLLSAI running.

Table 4-22. PLL spread spectrum clock generation (SSCG) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{mod}	Modulation frequency	—	—	—	10	KHz
mdamp	Peak modulation amplitude	—	—	—	2	%
MODCNT* MODSTEP	—	—	—	—	2^{15}-1	—

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Equation 1: SSCG configuration equation:

$$MODCNT = round(f_{PLLIN}/4/f_{mod})$$

$$MODSTEP = round(mdamp * PLLN * 2^{14}/(MODCNT * 100))$$

The formula above (Equation 1) is SSCG configuration equation.

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4.10. Memory characteristics

Table 4-23. Flash memory characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
PE_{CYC}	Number of guaranteed program /erase cycles before failure (Endurance)	T_A = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	50	—	—	kcycles
t_{READ}	Read time at code flash area	TA = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	—	1	—	hclks
	Read time at data flash area		56	—	4176	
t_{RET}	Data retention time	—	—	20	—	years
t_{PROG}	Word programming time	T_A = -40°C ~ +85 °C	—	37.5	180	µs
$t_{ERASE16kB}$	Sector(16kB) erase time	T_A = -40°C ~ +85 °C	—	200	2000	ms
$t_{ERASE64kB}$	Sector(64kB) erase time		—	300	4000	
$t_{ERASE128kB}$	Sector(128kB) erase time		—	600	8000	
$t_{MERASE(512K)}$	Mass erase time	T_A = -40°C ~ +85 °C	—	2.4	32	s
$t_{MERASE(1MB)}$	Mass erase time	T_A = -40°C ~ +85 °C	—	4.8	64	s

(1) Guaranteed by design and/or characterization, not 100% tested in production.

4.11. NRST pin characteristics

Table 4-24. NRST pin characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{IL(NRST)}$(1)	NRST Input low level voltage	VDD = VDDA = 2.6 V	-0.3	—	0.3 VDD	V
$V_{IH(NRST)}$(1)	NRST Input high level voltage		0.7 VDD	—	VDD + 0.3	
V_{hyst}(1)	Schmidt trigger Voltage hysteresis		—	440	—	mV
$V_{IL(NRST)}$(1)	NRST Input low level voltage	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V	-0.3	—	0.3 VDD	V
$V_{IH(NRST)}$(1)	NRST Input high level voltage		0.7 VDD	—	VDD + 0.3	
V_{hyst}(1)	Schmidt trigger Voltage hysteresis		—	490	—	mV
$V_{IL(NRST)}$(1)	NRST Input low level voltage	VDD = VDDA = 3.6 V	-0.3	—	0.3 VDD	V
$V_{IH(NRST)}$(1)	NRST Input high level voltage		0.7 VDD	—	VDD + 0.3	
V_{hyst}(1)	Schmidt trigger Voltage hysteresis		—	510	—	mV
R_{pu}(2)	Pull-up equivalent resistor	—	—	40	—	kΩ

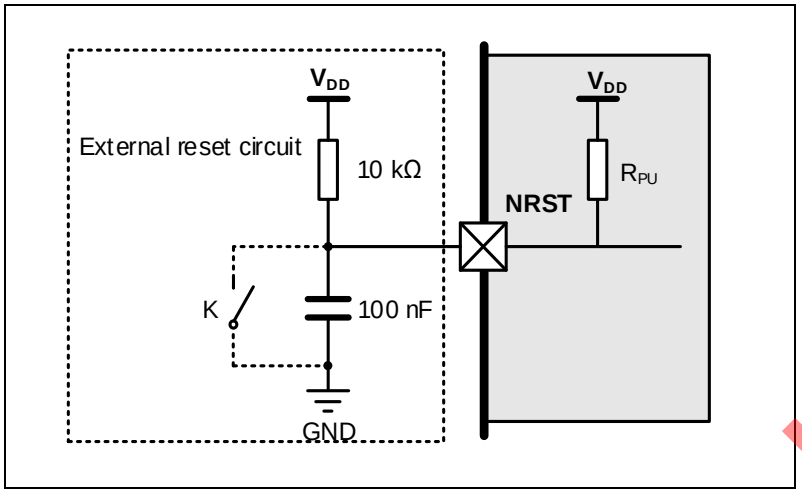
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Figure 4-5. Recommended external NRST pin circuit(1)



(1) Unless the voltage on NRST pin go below $V_{IL(NRST)}$ level, the device would not generate a reliable reset.

4.12. GPIO characteristics

Table 4-25. I/O port DC characteristics(1)(3)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IL}	Standard IO Low level input voltage		2.6 V ≤ VDD = VDDA ≤ 3.6 V	—	—	0.3 VDD	V
	5V-tolerant IO Low level input voltage		2.6 V ≤ VDD = VDDA ≤ 3.6 V	—	—	0.3 VDD	V
V_{IH}	Standard IO Low level input voltage		2.6 V ≤ VDD = VDDA ≤ 3.6 V	0.7 VDD	—	—	V
	5V-tolerant IO Low level input voltage		2.6 V ≤ VDD = VDDA ≤ 3.6 V	0.7 VDD	—	—	V
R_{PU}(2)	Internal pull-up resistor	All pins	V_{IN} = VSS	—	40	—	kΩ
		PA10	—	—	10	—	
R_{PD}(2)	Internal pull-down resistor	All pins	V_{IN} = VDD	—	40	—	kΩ
		PA10	—	—	10	—	
IO_Speed:level 3							
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +8 mA)		VDD = 2.6 V	—	—	0.11	V
			VDD = 3.3 V	—	—	0.10	
			VDD = 3.6 V	—	—	0.10	
	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +20 mA)		VDD = 2.6 V	—	—	0.29	
			VDD = 3.3 V	—	—	0.27	
			VDD = 3.6 V	—	—	0.26	
V_{OH}	High level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +8 mA)		VDD = 2.6 V	2.46	—	—	
			VDD = 3.3 V	3.18	—	—	
			VDD = 3.6 V	3.48	—	—	
	High level output voltage for an IO Pin		VDD = 2.6 V	2.22	—	—	
			VDD = 3.3 V	2.98	—	—	

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	(I_{IO} = +20 mA)	VDD = 3.6 V	3.29	—	—	
IO_Speed:level 2						
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +8 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	—	—	0.16	V
		VDD = 3.3 V	—	—	0.14	
		VDD = 3.6 V	—	—	0.14	
	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +20 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	—	—	0.43	
		VDD = 3.3 V	—	—	0.37	
		VDD = 3.6 V	—	—	0.36	
V_{OH}	High level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +8 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	2.40	—	—	
		VDD = 3.3 V	3.12	—	—	
		VDD = 3.6 V	3.44	—	—	
	High level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +20 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	2.05	—	—	
		VDD = 3.3 V	2.84	—	—	
		VDD = 3.6 V	3.17	—	—	
IO_Speed:level 1						
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +8 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	—	—	0.28	V
		VDD = 3.3 V	—	—	0.28	
		VDD = 3.6 V	—	—	0.24	
	(I_{IO} = +15 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	—	—	0.57	
	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +20 mA)	VDD = 3.3 V	—	—	0.66	
		VDD = 3.6 V	—	—	0.64	
V_{OH}	High level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +8 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	2.23	—	—	
		VDD = 3.3 V	3.00	—	—	
		VDD = 3.6 V	3.31	—	—	
	(I_{IO} = +15 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	1.83	—	—	
	High level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +20 mA)	VDD = 3.3 V	2.45	—	—	
		VDD = 3.6 V	2.81	—	—	
IO_Speed:level 0						
V_{OL}	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +1 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	—	—	0.17	V
		VDD = 3.3 V	—	—	0.15	
		VDD = 3.6 V	—	—	0.15	
	Low level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +4 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	—	—	0.80	
		VDD = 3.3 V	—	—	0.63	
		VDD = 3.6 V	—	—	0.60	
V_{OH}	High level output voltage for an IO Pin (I_{IO} = +1 mA)	VDD = 2.6 V	2.38	—	—	
		VDD = 3.3 V	3.12	—	—	
		VDD = 3.6 V	3.42	—	—	
	High level output voltage for an IO Pin	VDD = 2.6 V	1.45	—	—	
		VDD = 3.3 V	2.48	—	—	

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	(I_{IO} = +4 mA)	VDD = 3.6 V	2.83	—	—	

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
(3) All pins except PC13 / PC14 / PC15 / PI8. Since PC13 to PC15 and PI8 are supplied through the Power Switch, which can only be obtained by a small current, the speed of GPIOs PC13 to PC15 and PI8 should not exceed 2 MHz when they are in output mode(maximum load: 30 pF).

Table 4-26. I/O port AC characteristics(1)(2)(4)

GPIOx_OSPD[1:0] bit value(3)	Parameter	Conditions	Max	Unit
GPIOx_OSPD0->OSPDy[1:0] = 00 (IO_Speed:level 0)	T_{Rise}/T_{Fall}	2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 10 pF	51	ns
		2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 30 pF	63.2	
		2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 50 pF	74.2	
GPIOx_OSPD0->OSPDy[1:0] = 01 (IO_Speed:level 1)	T_{Rise}/T_{Fall}	2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 10 pF	3.6	ns
		2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 30 pF	9.6	
		2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 50 pF	12.2	
GPIOx_OSPD0->OSPDy[1:0] = 10 (IO_Speed: level 2)	T_{Rise}/T_{Fall}	2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 10 pF	2.2	ns
		2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 30 pF	3	
		2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 50 pF	3.8	
GPIOx_OSPD0->OSPDy[1:0] = 11 (IO_Speed:level 3)	T_{Rise}/T_{Fall}	2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 10 pF	2	ns
		2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 30 pF	2.8	
		2.6 ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V, C_L = 50 pF	3.4	

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(2) Unless otherwise specified, all test results given for T_A = 25 °C.
(3) The I/O speed is configured using the GPIOx_OSPD -> OSPDy[1:0] bits.
(4) Only for reference, Depending on user's design.
(5) Max frequency is defined when the sum of rise time plus the fall time is less than 2/3 cycle.

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4.13. ADC characteristics

Table 4-27. ADC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DDA}(1)	Operating voltage	—	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
V_{IN}(1)	ADC input voltage range	—	0	—	VREFP	V
VREFP(2)	Positive Reference Voltage	—	2.6	—	VDDA	V
VREFN(2)	Negative Reference Voltage	—	—	VSSA	—	V
f_{ADC}(1)	ADC clock	—	0.1	—	40	MHz
f_S(1)	Sampling rate	12-bit	0.007	—	2.6	MSPS
		10-bit	0.008	—	3.1	
		8-bit	0.01	—	3.6	
		6-bit	0.011	—	4.4	
V_{AIN}(1)	Analog input voltage	16 external;3 internal	0	—	VREFP	V
R_{AIN}(2)	External input impedance	See *Equation 2*	—	—	308.6	kΩ
R_{ADC}(2)	Input sampling switch resistance	—	—	—	0.55	kΩ
C_{ADC}(2)	Input sampling capacitance	No pin/pad capacitance included	—	—	4.0	pF
t_{CAL}(2)	Calibration time	f_{ADC} = 40 MHz	—	3.275	—	μs
t_s(2)	Sampling time	f_{ADC} = 40 MHz	0.075	—	12	μs
t_{CONV}(2)	Total conversion time (including sampling time)	12-bit	—	15	—	1/f_{ADC}
		10-bit	—	13	—	
		8-bit	—	11	—	
		6-bit	—	9	—	
t_{SU}(2)	Startup time	—	—	—	1	μs

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Equation 2: R_{AIN} max formula $$R_{AIN} < \frac{T_s}{f_{ADC} * C_{ADC} * \ln(2^{N+2})} - R_{ADC}$$

The formula above (Equation 2) is used to determine the maximum external impedance allowed for an error below 1/4 of LSB. Here N = 12 (from 12-bit resolution).

Table 4-28. ADC RAIN max for f_{ADC} = 40 MHz(2)

T_s (cycles)	t_s (us)	$R_{AIN\ max}$ (KΩ)
3	0.075	1.3
15	0.375	9.1
28	0.7	17.4
55	1.375	34.8
84	2.1	53.5
112	2.8	71.5
144	3.6	92.1
480	12	308.6

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(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-29. ADC dynamic accuracy at f_{ADC} = 40 MHz(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
ENOB	Effective number of bits	f_{ADC} = 40 MHz VDDA = VREFP = 3.3 V Input Frequency = 110 kHz Temperature = 25 ℃	—	10.9	—	bits
SNDR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio		—	67.3	—	dB
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio		—	67.7	—	
THD	Total harmonic distortion		—	-75	—	

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-30. ADC static accuracy at f_{ADC} = 40 MHz(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Typ	Max	Unit
Offset	Offset error	f_{ADC} = 40 MHz VDDA = VREFP = 3.3 V	±1	—	LSB
DNL	Differential linearity error		±1	—	
INL	Integral linearity error		±1.5	—	

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

4.14. Temperature sensor characteristics

Table 4-31. Temperature sensor characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_L	V_{SENSE} linearity with temperature	—	±1.5	—	℃
Avg_Slope	Average slope	—	4.4	—	mV/℃
V_{25}	Voltage at 25 °C	—	1.4	—	V
t_{S_temp} (2)	ADC sampling time when reading the temperature	—	17.1	—	μs

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Shortest sampling time can be determined in the application by multiple iterations.

4.15. DAC characteristics

Table 4-32. DAC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
VDDA(1)	Operating voltage	—	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
VREFP(2)	Positive Reference Voltage	—	2.6	—	VDDA	V
VREFN(2)	Negative Reference Voltage	—	—	VSSA	—	V
R_{LOAD}(2)	Resistive load	Resistive load with buffer ON	5	—	—	kΩ
Ro(2)	Impedance output	Impedance output with buffer OFF	—	—	15	kΩ
C_{LOAD}(2)	Capacitive load	Capacitive load with buffer ON	—	—	50	pF
DAC_OUT min(2)	Lower DAC_OUT voltage	Lower DAC_OUT voltage with buffer ON	0.2	—	—	V

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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		Lower DAC_OUT voltage with buffer OFF	0.5	—	—	mV
DAC_OUT max (2)	Higher DAC_OUT voltage	Higher DAC_OUT voltage with buffer ON	—	—	VDDA -0.2	V
		Higher DAC_OUT voltage with buffer OFF	—	—	VDDA -1LSB	V
I_{DDA}(1)	DAC current consumption in quiescent mode	With no load, middle code(0x800) on the input, VREFP = 3.6 V	—	350	—	μA
		With no load, worst code(0xF1C) on the input, VREFP = 3.6 V	—	430	—	
$I_{DDVREFP}$(1)	DAC current consumption in quiescent mode	With no load, middle code(0x800) on the input, VREFP = 3.6 V	—	115	—	μA
		With no load, worst code(0xF1C) on the input, VREFP = 3.6 V	—	298	—	
DNL(1)	Differential non linearity	10-bit configuration	—	—	±0.75	LSB
		12-bit configuration	—	—	±3	
INL(1)	Integral non linearity	10-bit configuration	—	—	±1.25	LSB
		12-bit configuration	—	—	±5	
Offset(1)	Offset error	DAC in 12-bit mode	—	—	±24	LSB
GE(1)	Gain error	DAC in 12-bit mode	—	—	±1.5	%
$T_{setting}$(1)	Settling time	$C_{LOAD} \leq 50$ pF, $R_{LOAD} \geq 5$ kΩ	—	0.5	1	μs
T_{wakeup}(2)	Wakeup from off state	—	—	5	10	μs
Update rate(2)	Max frequency for a correct DAC_OUT change from code i to i±1LSB	$C_{LOAD} \leq 50$ pF, $R_{LOAD} \geq 5$ kΩ	—	—	4	MS/s
PSRR(2)	Power supply rejection ratio(to VDDA)	No R_{Load}, C_{LOAD}=50 pF	—	-90	—	dB

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

(2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.16. I2C characteristics

Table 4-33. I2C characteristics(1)(2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard mode		Fast mode		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{SCL(H)}$	SCL clock high time	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
$t_{SCL(L)}$	SCL clock low time	—	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs
$t_{su(SDA)}$	SDA setup time	—	250	—	100	—	ns

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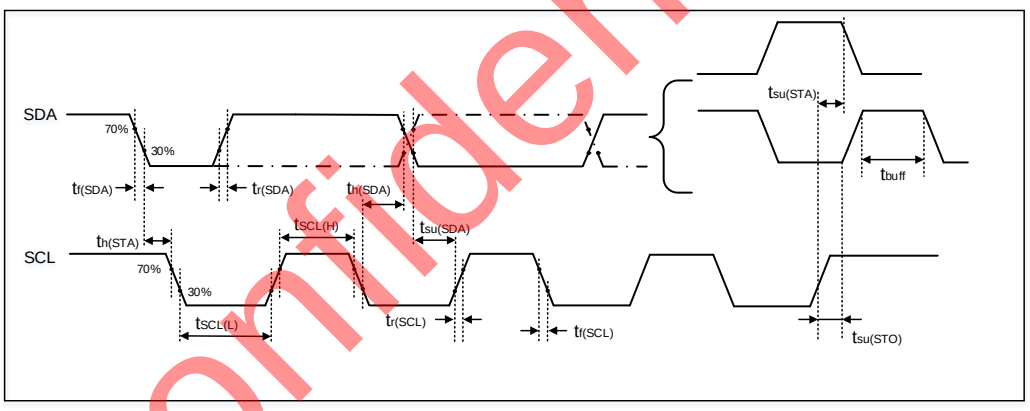
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Standard mode		Fast mode		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{h(SDA)}$	SDA data hold time	—	0(3)	3450	0	900	ns
$t_{r(SDA/SCL)}$	SDA and SCL rise time	—	—	1000	—	300	ns
$t_{f(SDA/SCL)}$	SDA and SCL fall time	—	—	300	—	300	ns
$t_{h(STA)}$	Start condition hold time	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
$t_{s(STA)}$	Repeated Start condition setup time	—	4.7	—	0.6	—	μs
$t_{s(STO)}$	Stop condition setup time	—	4.0	—	0.6	—	μs
t_{buff}	Stop to Start condition time (bus free)	—	4.7	—	1.3	—	μs

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(2) To ensure the standard mode I2C frequency, f_{PCLK1} must be at least 2 MHz. To ensure the fast mode I2C frequency, f_{PCLK1} must be at least 4 MHz.

(3) The device should provide a data hold time of 300 ns at least in order to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL.

Figure 4-6. I2C bus timing diagram



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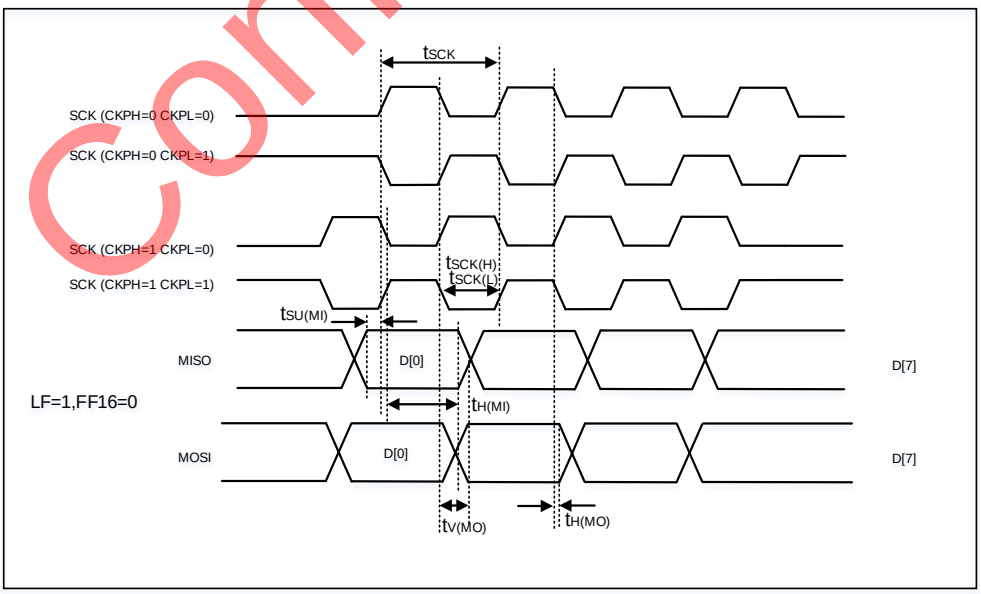
4.17. SPI characteristics

Table 4-34. Standard SPI characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{SCK}	SCK clock frequency	—	—	—	30	MHz
$t_{SCK(H)}$	SCK clock high time	Master mode, f_{PCLKx} = 120 MHz, presc = 4	14.67	16.67	18.67	ns
$t_{SCK(L)}$	SCK clock low time	Master mode, f_{PCLKx} = 120 MHz, presc = 4	14.67	16.67	18.67	ns
SPI master mode						
$t_{V(MO)}$	Data output valid time	—	—	—	8	ns
$t_{SU(MI)}$	Data input setup time	—	6	—	—	ns
$t_{H(MI)}$	Data input hold time	—	0	—	—	ns
SPI slave mode						
$t_{SU(NSS)}$	NSS enable setup time	—	0	—	—	ns
$t_{H(NSS)}$	NSS enable hold time	—	3.3	—	—	ns
$t_{A(SO)}$	Data output access time	—	—	9	—	ns
$t_{DIS(SO)}$	Data output disable time	—	—	10	—	ns
$t_{V(SO)}$	Data output valid time	—	—	11	—	ns
$t_{SU(SI)}$	Data input setup time	—	0	—	—	ns
$t_{H(SI)}$	Data input hold time	—	2.2	—	—	ns

(1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

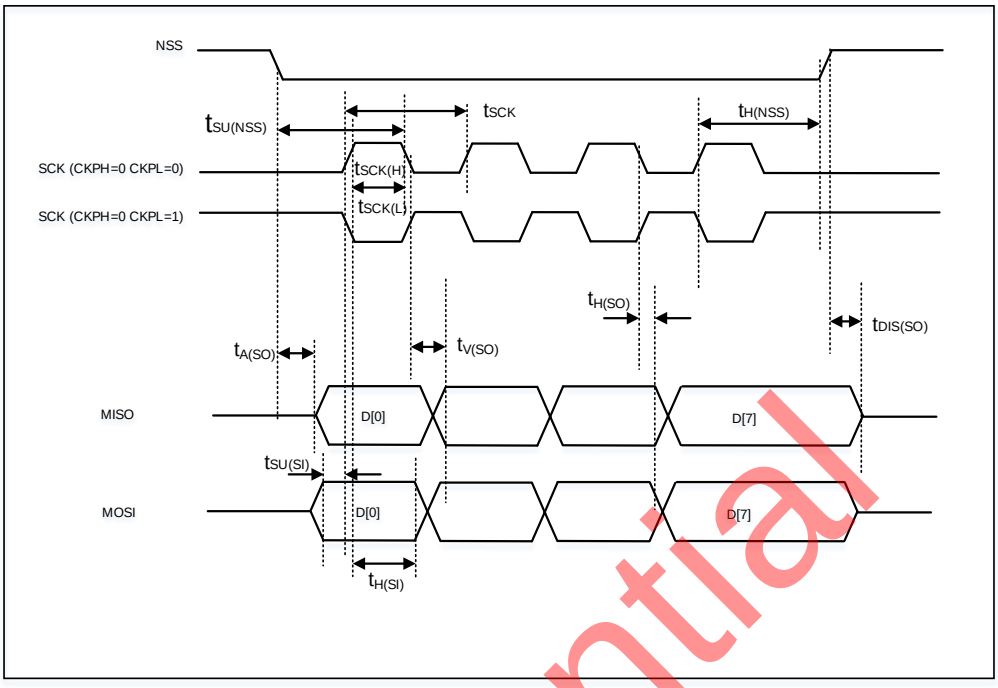
Figure 4-7. SPI timing diagram - master mode



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Figure 4-8. SPI timing diagram - slave mode



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4.18. I2S characteristics

Table 4-35. I2S characteristics(1)(2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{CK}	Clock frequency	Master mode (data: 32 bits, Audio frequency = 96 kHz)	—	6.25	—	MHz
		Slave mode	—	—	12.5	
t_H	Clock high time	—	—	80	—	ns
t_L	Clock low time		—	80	—	ns
$t_{V(WS)}$	WS valid time	Master mode	—	3	—	ns
$t_{H(WS)}$	WS hold time	Master mode	—	3	—	ns
$t_{SU(WS)}$	WS setup time	Slave mode	0	—	—	ns
$t_{H(WS)}$	WS hold time	Slave mode	3	—	—	ns
$Ducy_{(SCK)}$	I2S slave input clock duty cycle	Slave mode	—	50	—	%
$t_{SU(SD_MR)}$	Data input setup time	Master mode	0	—	—	ns
$t_{su(SD_SR)}$	Data input setup time	Slave mode	0	—	—	ns
$t_{H(SD_MR)}$	Data input hold time	Master receiver	1	—	—	ns
$t_{H(SD_SR)}$		Slave receiver	3	—	—	ns
$t_{V(SD_ST)}$	Data output valid time	Slave transmitter (after enable edge)	—	—	9	ns
$t_{H(SD_ST)}$	Data output hold time	Slave transmitter (after enable edge)	6	—	—	ns
$t_{V(SD_MT)}$	Data output valid time	Master transmitter (after enable edge)	—	—	6	ns
$t_{H(SD_MT)}$	Data output hold time	Master transmitter (after enable edge)	0	—	—	ns

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

(2) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

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Figure 4-9. I2S timing diagram - master mode

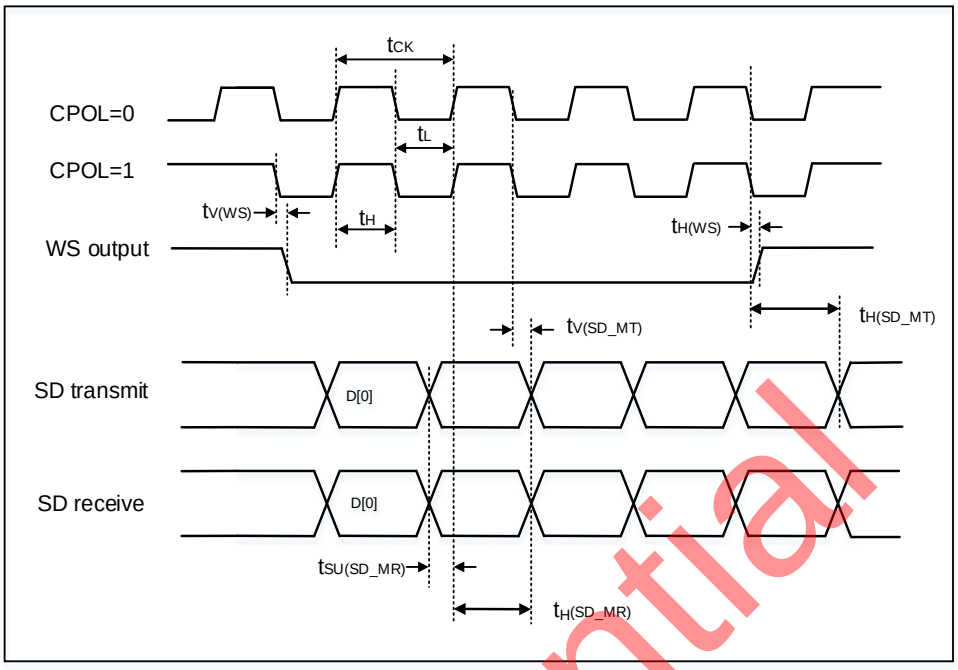
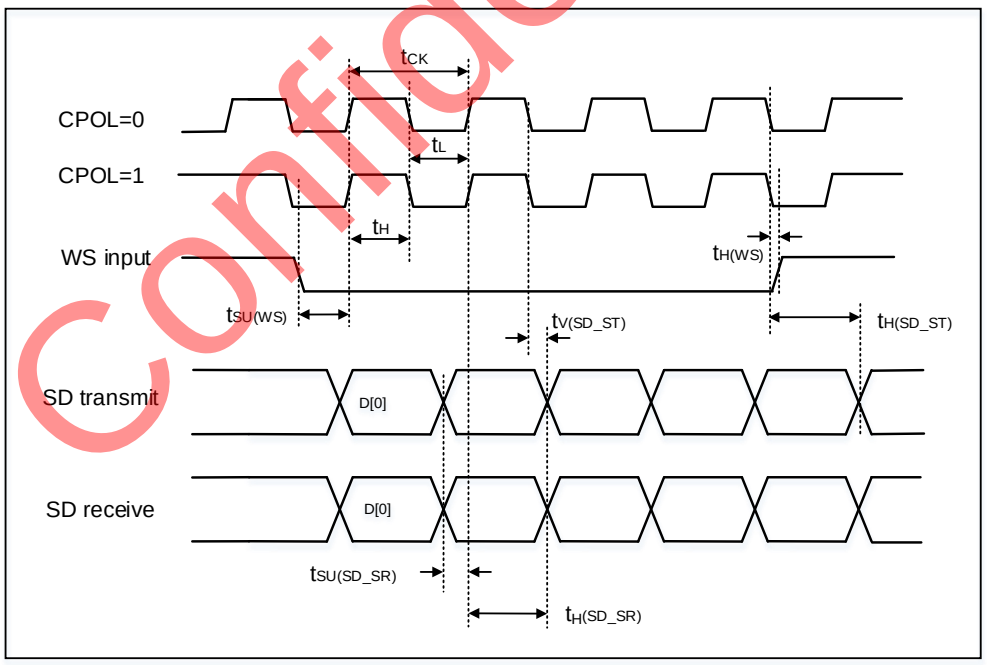


Figure 4-10. I2S timing diagram - slave mode



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4.19. USART characteristics

Table 4-36. USART characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{SCK}	SCK clock frequency	f_{PCLKx} =120MHz	—	—	60	MHz
$t_{SCK(H)}$	SCK clock high time	f_{PCLKx} =120MHz	8.33	—	—	ns
$t_{SCK(L)}$	SCK clock low time	f_{PCLKx} =120MHz	8.33	—	—	ns

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.20. SDIO characteristics

Table 4-37. SDIO characteristics(1)(2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{PP}(3)	Clock frequency in data transfer mode	—	0	—	48	MHz
$t_{W(CKL)}$ (3)	Clock low time	f_{pp} = 48 MHz	9.5	10.5	—	ns
$t_{W(CKH)}$ (3)	Clock high time	f_{pp} = 48 MHz	9.3	10.3	—	ns
CMD, D inputs (referenced to CK) in MMC and SD HS mode						
t_{ISU}(4)	Input setup time HS	f_{pp} = 48 MHz	4	—	—	ns
t_{IH}(4)	Input hold time HS	f_{pp} = 48 MHz	3	—	—	ns
CMD, D outputs (referenced to CK) in MMC and SD HS mode						
t_{OV}(3)	Output valid time HS	f_{pp} = 48 MHz	—	—	13.8	ns
t_{OH}(3)	Output hold time HS	f_{pp} = 48 MHz	12	—	—	ns
CMD, D inputs (referenced to CK) in SD default mode						
t_{ISUD}(4)	Input setup time SD	f_{pp} = 24 MHz	3	—	—	ns
t_{IHD}(4)	Input hold time SD	f_{pp} = 24 MHz	3	—	—	ns
CMD, D outputs (referenced to CK) in SD default mode						
t_{OVD}(3)	Output valid default time SD	f_{pp} = 24 MHz	—	2.4	2.8	ns
t_{OHD}(3)	Output hold default time SD	f_{pp} = 24 MHz	2	—	—	ns

(1) CLK timing is measured at 50% of VDD.
(2) Capacitive load C_L = 30 pF.
(3) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
(4) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

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4.21. CAN characteristics

Refer to ***Table 4-25. I/O port DC characteristics(1)(3)*** for more details on the input/output alternate function characteristics (CANTX and CANRX).

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4.22. USBFS characteristics

Table 4-38. USBFS start up time

Symbol	Parameter	Max	Unit
$t_{STARTUP}$(1)	USBFS startup time	1	μs

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-39. USBFS DC electrical characteristics

Symbol		Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input levels(1)	VDD	USBFS operating voltage	—	3	—	3.6	V
	V_{DI}	Differential input sensitivity	—	0.2	—	—	V
	V_{CM}	Differential common mode range	Includes V_{DI} range	0.8	—	2.5	
	V_{SE}	Single ended receiver threshold	—	1.3	—	2.0	
Output levels (2)	V_{OL}	Static output level low	R_L of 1.0 kΩ to 3.6 V	—	0.06	0.3	V
	V_{OH}	Static output level high	R_L of 15 kΩ to VSS	2.8	3.3	3.6	
R_{PD}(2)		PA11, PA12(USBFS_DM/DP) PB14, PB15(USBHS_ DM/DP)	V_{IN} = VDD	17	21	25	kΩ
		PA9(USBFS_VBUS) PB13(USBHS_VBUS)		0.72	0.9	1.1	
R_{PU}(2)		PA11, PA12(USBFS_DM/DP) PB14, PB15(USBHS_ DM/DP)	V_{IN} = VSS	1.2	1.5	1.8	
		PA9(USBFS_VBUS) PB13(USBHS_VBUS)		0.24	0.3	0.33	

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

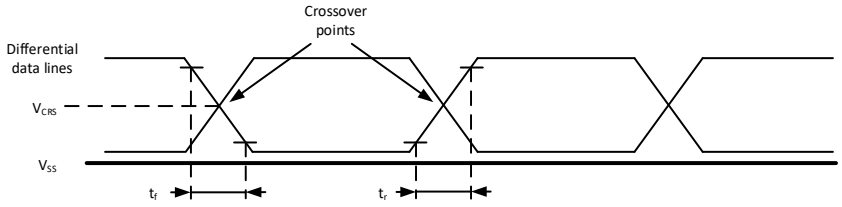
(2) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-40. USBFS full speed-electrical characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_R	Rise time	C_L = 50 pF	4	—	20	ns
t_F	Fall time	C_L = 50 pF	4	—	20	ns
t_{RFM}	Rise / fall time matching	t_R / t_F	90	—	110	%
V_{CRS}	Output signal crossover voltage	—	1.3	—	2.0	V

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Figure 4-11. USBFS timings: definition of data signal rise and fall time



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4.23. USBHS characteristics

Table 61. USBHS clock timing parameters(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
VDD	USBHS operating voltage	3.0	—	3.6	V
f_{HCLK}	f_{HCLK} value to guarantee proper operation of USBHS interface	30	—	—	MHz
F_{START_8BIT}	Frequency (first transition) 8-bit ± 10%	54	60	66	MHz
F_{STEADY}	Frequency (steady state) ±500 ppm	59.97	60	60.63	MHz
D_{START_8BIT}	Duty cycle (first transition) 8-bit ± 10%	40	50	60	%
D_{STEADY}	Duty cycle (steady state) ±500 ppm	49.975	50	50.025	%

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 62. USB-ULPI Dynammic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SC}	Control in (ULPI_DIR, ULPI_NXT) setup time	—	—	2	ns
t_{HC}	Control in (ULPI_DIR, ULPI_NXT) hold time	0.5	—	—	ns
t_{SD}	Data in setup time	—	—	2	ns
t_{HD}	Data in hold time	0	—	—	ns

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.24. TIMER characteristics

Table 4-41. TIMER characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
t_{res}	Timer resolution time	—	1	—	$t_{TIMERxCLK}$
		$f_{TIMERxCLK}$ =240 MHz	4.17	—	ns
f_{EXT}	Timer external clock frequency	—	0	$f_{TIMERxCLK}/2$	MHz
		$f_{TIMERxCLK}$ = 240 MHz	0	120	MHz
RES	Timer resolution	TIMERx (except TIMER1 & TIMER4)	—	16	bit
		TIMER1 & TIMER4	—	32	bit
$t_{COUNTER}$	16-bit counter clock period when internal clock is selected	—	1	65536	$t_{TIMERxCLK}$
		$f_{TIMERxCLK}$ = 240 MHz	0.004	273.07	μs
t_{MAX_COUNT}	Maximum possible count	—	—	65536x65536	$t_{TIMERxCLK}$
		$f_{TIMERxCLK}$ = 240 MHz	—	17.90	s

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4.25. DCI characteristics

Table 4-42. DCI characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Frequency ratio	DCI_PIXCLK /fHCLK	—	0.4	
DCI_PIXCLK	Pixel clock input	—	96	MHz
DPixel	Pixel clock input duty cycle	30	70	%
tsu(DATA)	Data input setup time	2.5	—	ns
th(DATA)	Data output valid time	1	—	ns
tsu(HSYNC)	DCI_HS input setup time	2	—	ns
tsu(VSYNC)	DCI_VS input setup time	2	—	ns
th(HSYNC)	DCI_HS input hold time	0.5	—	ns
th(VSYNC)	DCI_VS input hold time	0.5	—	ns

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.26. WDGT characteristics

Table 4-43. FWDGT min/max timeout period at 32 kHz (IRC32K)(1)

Prescaler divider	PSC[2:0] bits	Min timeout RLD[11:0] = 0x000	Max timeout RLD[11:0] = 0xFFF	Unit
1/4	000	0.03125	511.90625	ms
1/8	001	0.03125	1023.7812	
1/16	010	0.03125	2047.53125	
1/32	011	0.03125	4095.03125	
1/64	100	0.03125	8190.03125	
1/128	101	0.03125	16380.03125	
1/256	110 or 111	0.03125	32760.03125	

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-44. WWDGT min-max timeout value at 60 MHz (f_{PCLK1})(1)

Prescaler divider	PSC[1:0]	Min timeout value CNT[6:0] = 0x40	Unit	Max timeout value CNT[6:0] = 0x7F	Unit
1/1	00	68.27	μs	4.37	ms
1/2	01	136.53		8.74	
1/4	10	273.07		17.48	
1/8	11	546.13		34.95	

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

4.27. Parameter conditions

Unless otherwise specified, all values given for VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, T_A = 25 °C.

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5. Package information

5.1. QFN64 package outline dimensions

Figure 5-1. QFN64 package outline

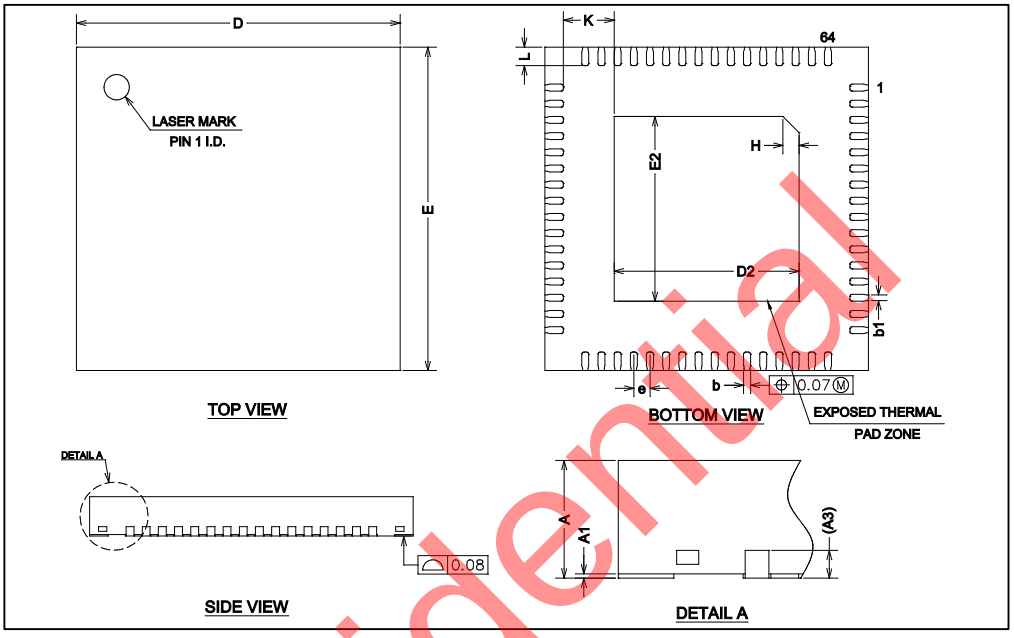


Table 5-1. QFN64 package dimensions

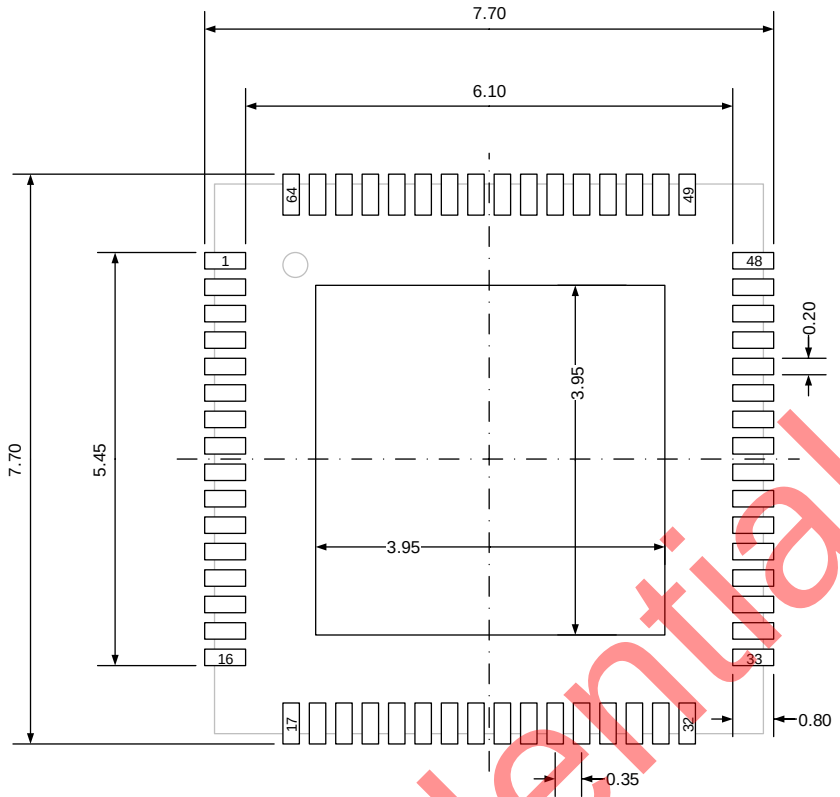
Symbol	Min	Typ	Max
A	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0	0.02	0.05
A3	—	0.20	—
b	0.05	0.15	0.20
b1	—	0.12	—
D	6.90	7.00	7.10
D2	3.90	4.00	4.10
E	6.90	7.00	7.10
E2	3.90	4.00	4.10
e	—	0.35	—
H	0.30	0.35	0.40
K	—	1.10	—
L	0.30	0.40	0.50

(Original dimensions are in millimeters)

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Figure 5-2. QFN64 recommended footprint



(Original dimensions are in millimeters)

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6. Ordering information

Table 6-1. Part ordering code for GD32F415RIO6 devices

Ordering code	Flash (KB)	Package	Package type	Temperature operating range
GD32F415RIO6	2048	QFN64	Green	Industrial -40°C to +85°C

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7. Revision history

Table 7-1. Revision history

Revision No.	Description	Date
1.0	Initial Release	Aug. 10, 2023

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